

# Assessing Grain NPK Content: Have Removal Levels Changed?

**NREC Project 2014-02397**

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IFCA, Peoria

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ILLINOIS

UNIVERSITY OF ILLINOIS AT URBANA-CHAMPAIGN

## Before I start:

- Please see the Bulletin article at

<http://bulletin.ipm.illinois.edu/?p=3813>

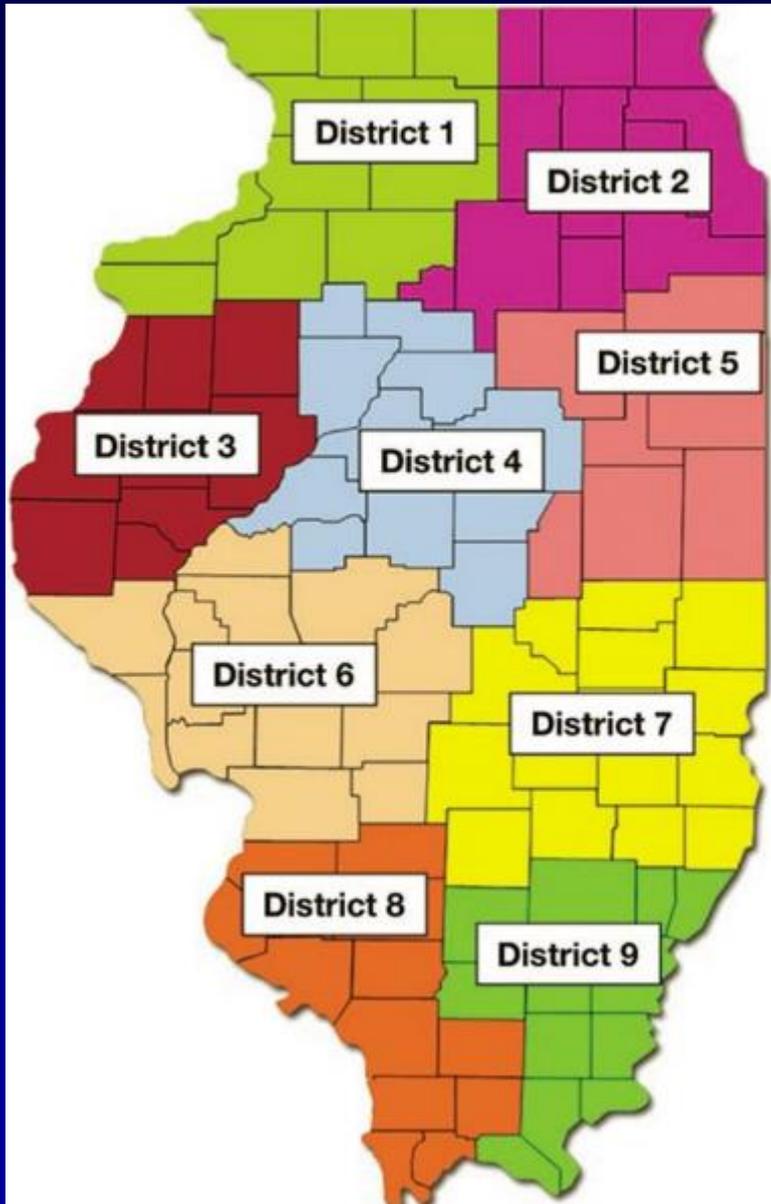
**And consider helping a “worthy cause” –  
gathering information on hundreds of  
Illinois soybean fields**

# The goal:

- To extensively sample corn, soybean, and wheat grain across Illinois for three years (2014-2016)
  - Target 800 samples per year for corn and soybean
  - 400 samples per year for wheat
- Measure N, P, and K levels of grain
- Assemble data to show averages, variability, and if factors like yield, location, and year might affect nutrient level
- **To set updated P and K IL removal numbers**



# Samples analyzed 2014-2016



Year	CRD	Corn	Soybean	Wheat
<b>2014</b>	1	183	131	0
	2	45	81	1
	3	60	78	0
	4	103	140	2
	5	86	113	5
	6	88	124	1
	7	36	135	4
	8	43	94	1
	9	39	55	4
<b>2014</b>	<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>684</b>	<b>951</b>	<b>18</b>
<b>2015</b>	1	62	104	8
	2	88	78	4
	3	69	79	1
	4	66	117	12
	5	110	85	22
	6	65	92	24
	7	122	145	44
	8	17	64	231
	9	18	59	19
<b>2015</b>	<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>617</b>	<b>823</b>	<b>365</b>
<b>2016</b>	<b>Sub-total</b>	<b>840</b>	<b>408</b>	<b>242</b>
<b>Total analyzed</b>		<b>2,141</b>	<b>2,182</b>	<b>625</b>

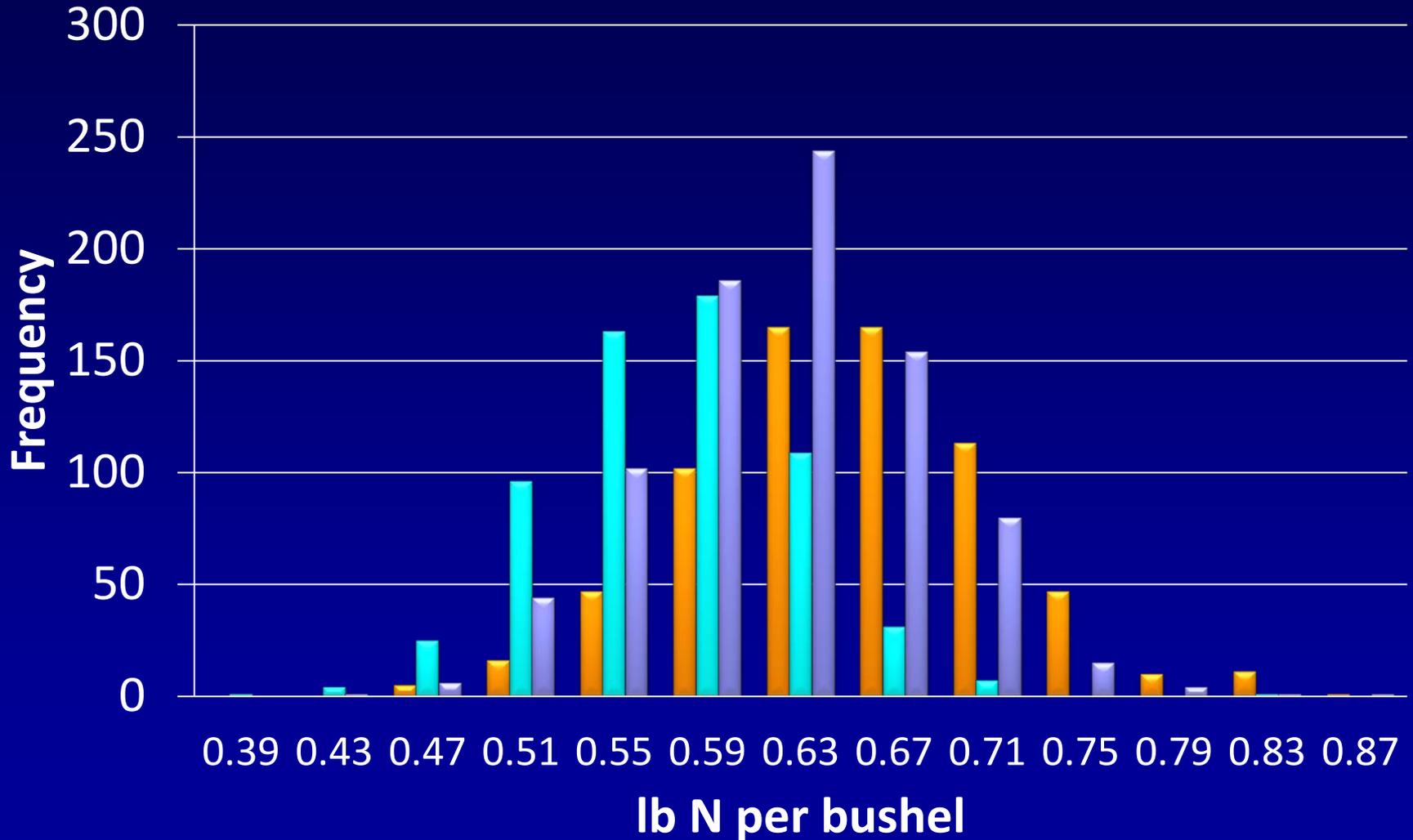
## Yield and nutrient levels

- All of the samples collected in 2014 and some in 2015 came with an estimate of yield
- We found some slight correlations between yield and nutrient levels, but they weren't consistent by crop, nutrient, or year
- We concluded that yield level won't help predict per-bushel nutrient levels, so didn't ask for yield in 2016



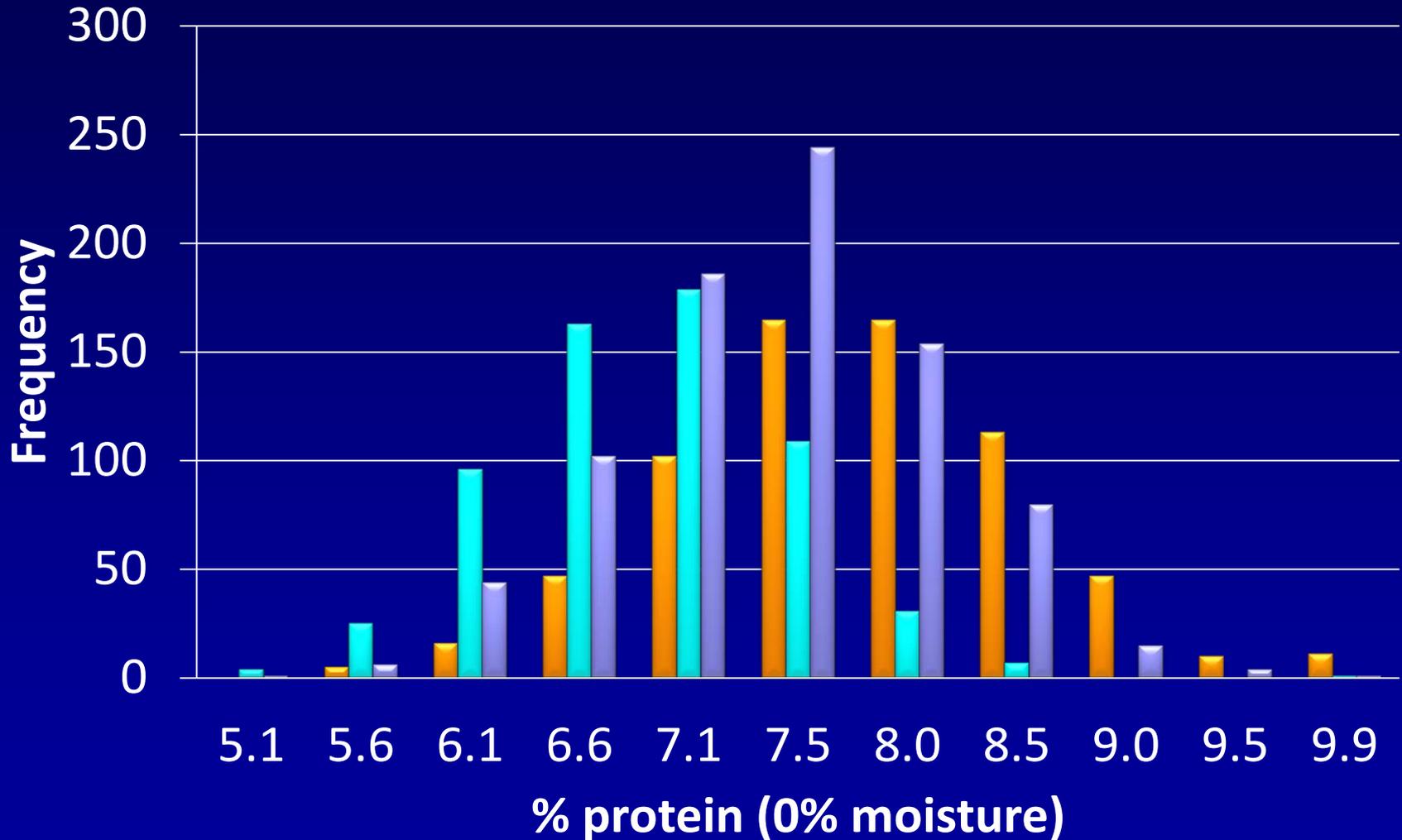
# Corn grain N, n=2137

2014 avg 0.63    2015 avg 0.55    2016 avg. 0.60



# Corn grain protein, n=2137

■ 2014 avg 7.6%   ■ 2015 avg 6.6%   ■ 2016 avg. 7.2%

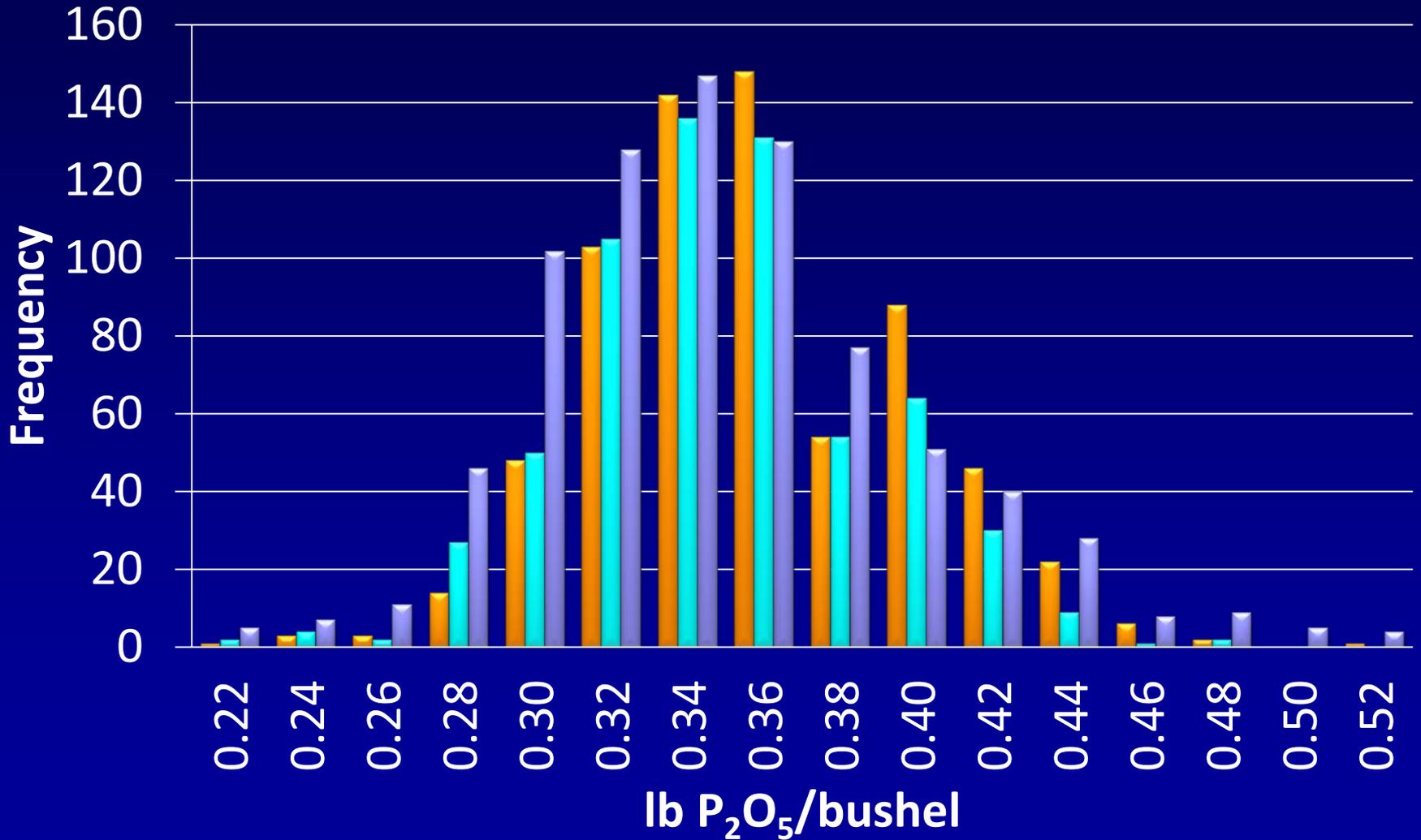


# Corn grain P

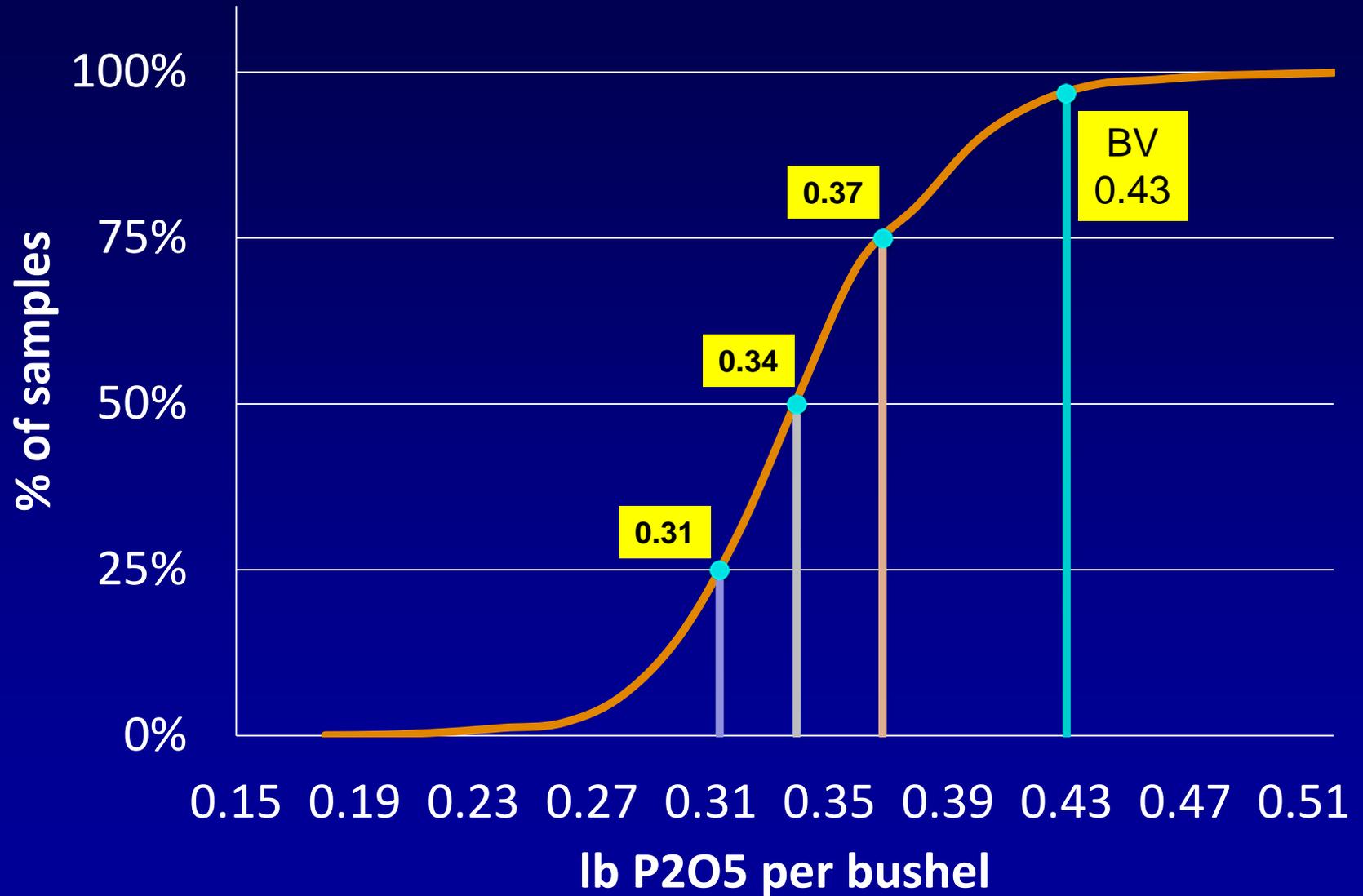
2014 avg = 0.35

2015 avg = 0.34

2016 avg = 0.34

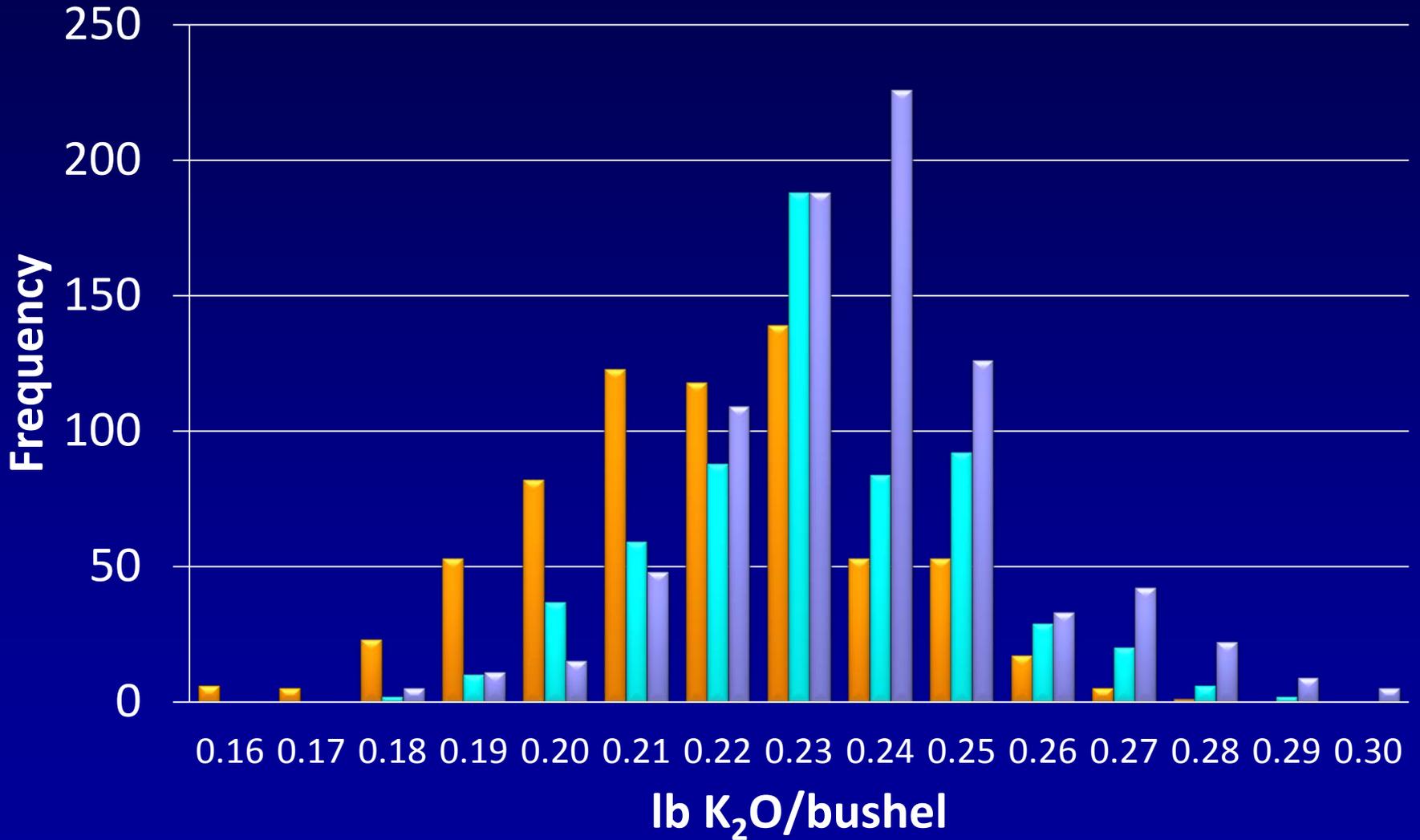


# Corn grain P, 2014-16, N=2140

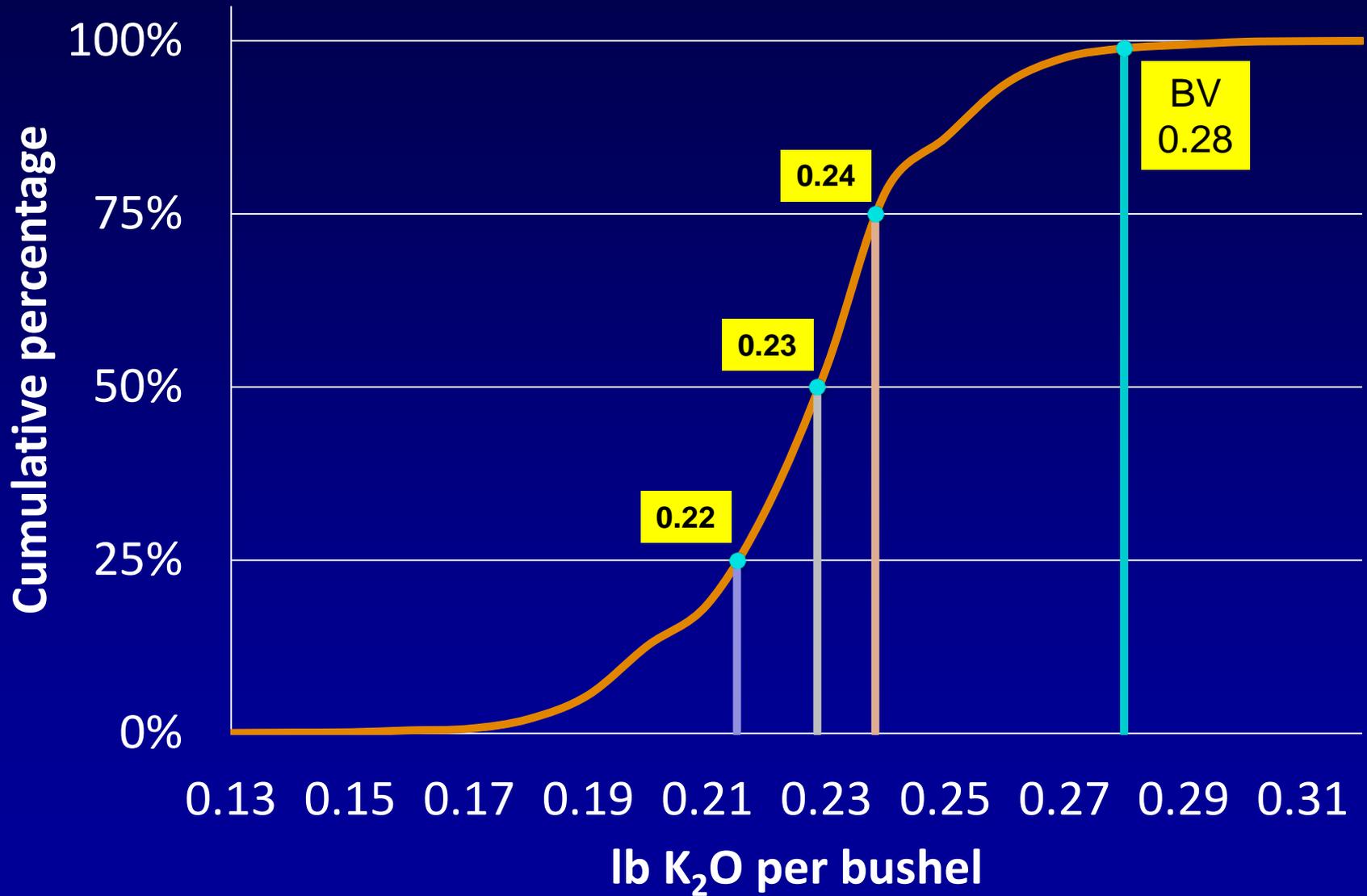


# Corn grain K

■ 2014 avg 0.216 (682) ■ 2015 avg 0.231 (618) ■ 2016 avg 0.234 (840)



# Corn Grain K, 2014-16, N=2140

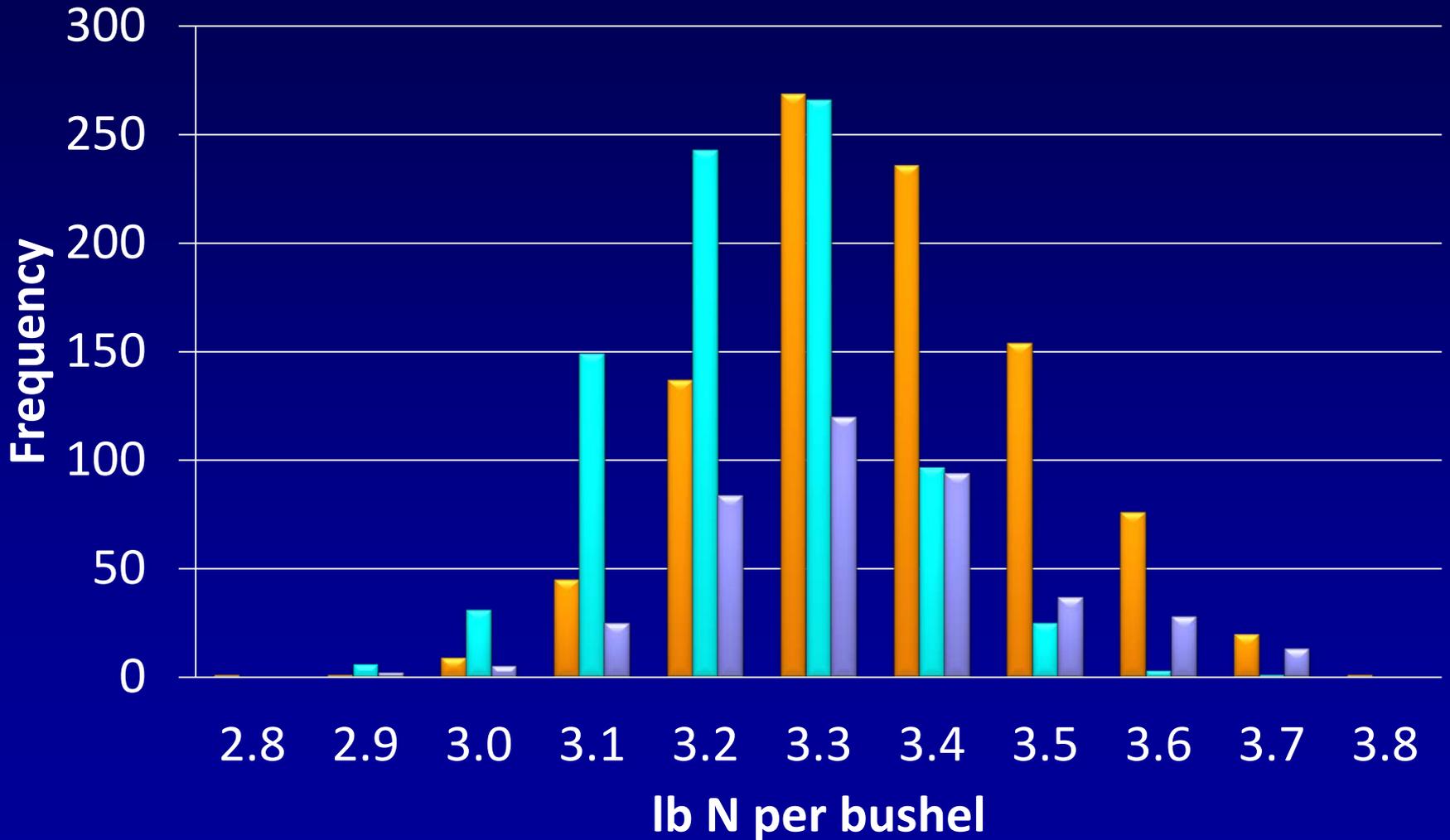


# Soybean Seed N

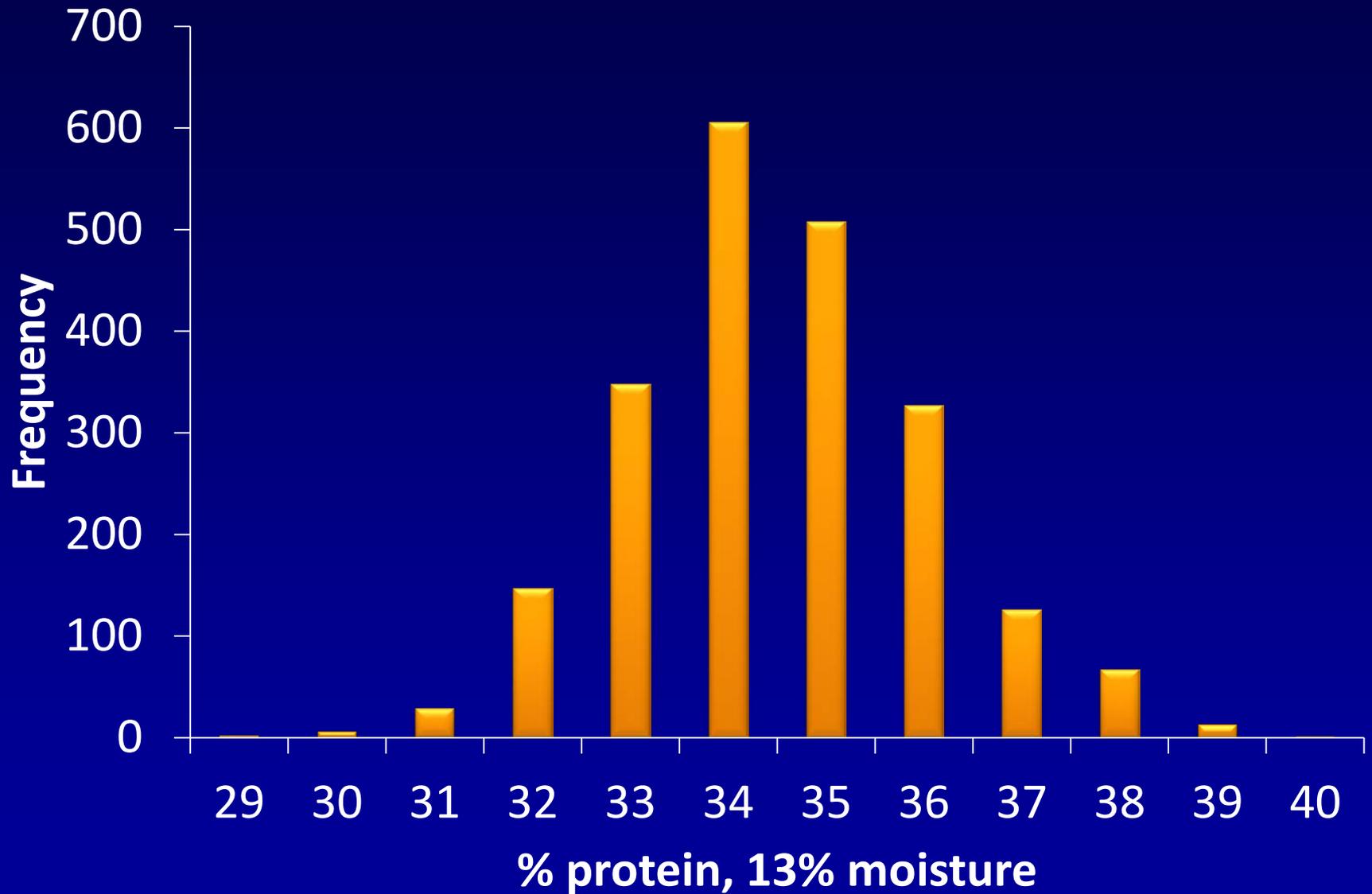
2014, avg 3.32

2015, avg 3.19

2016, avg 3.29

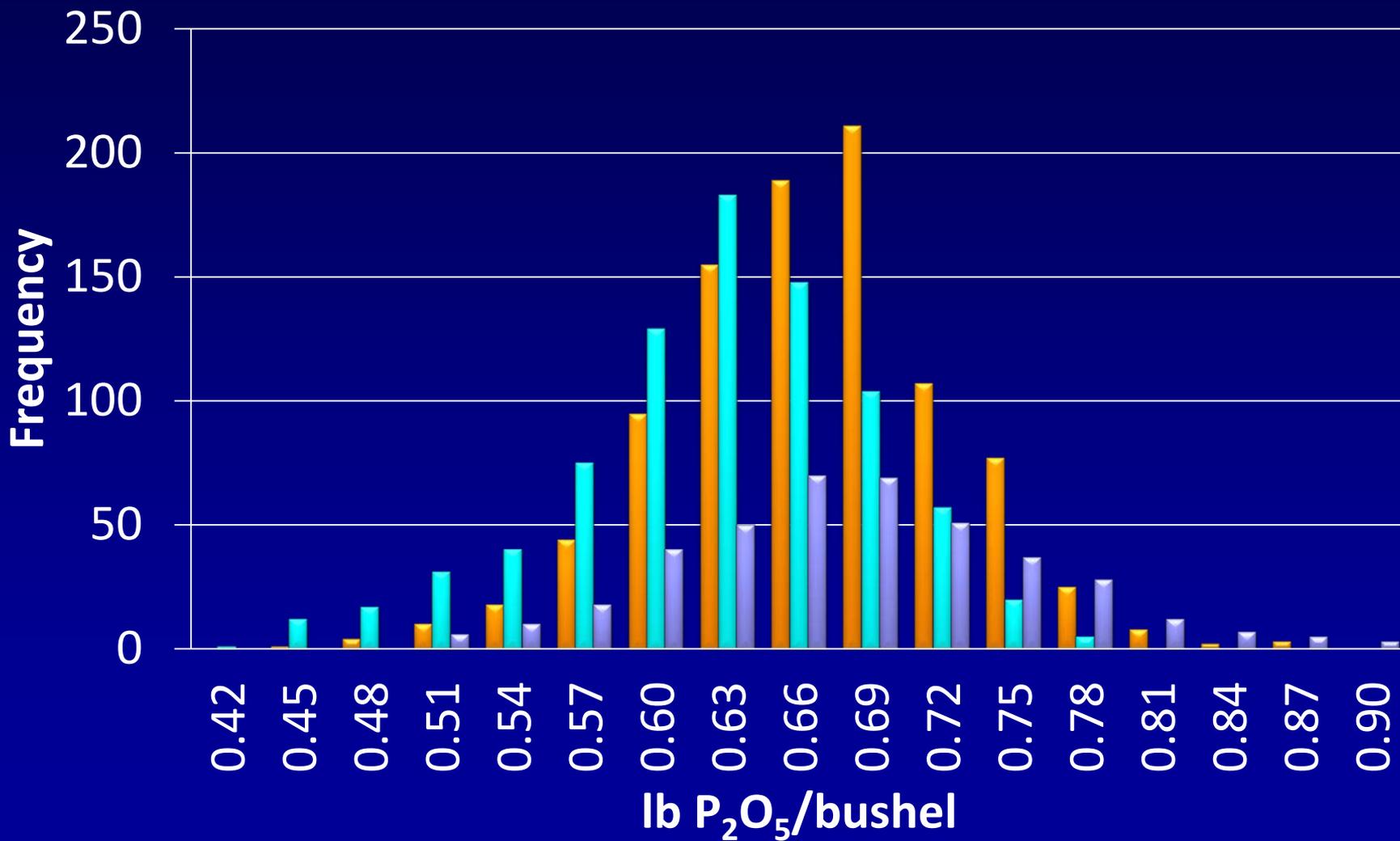


# Soybean grain protein, n=2182

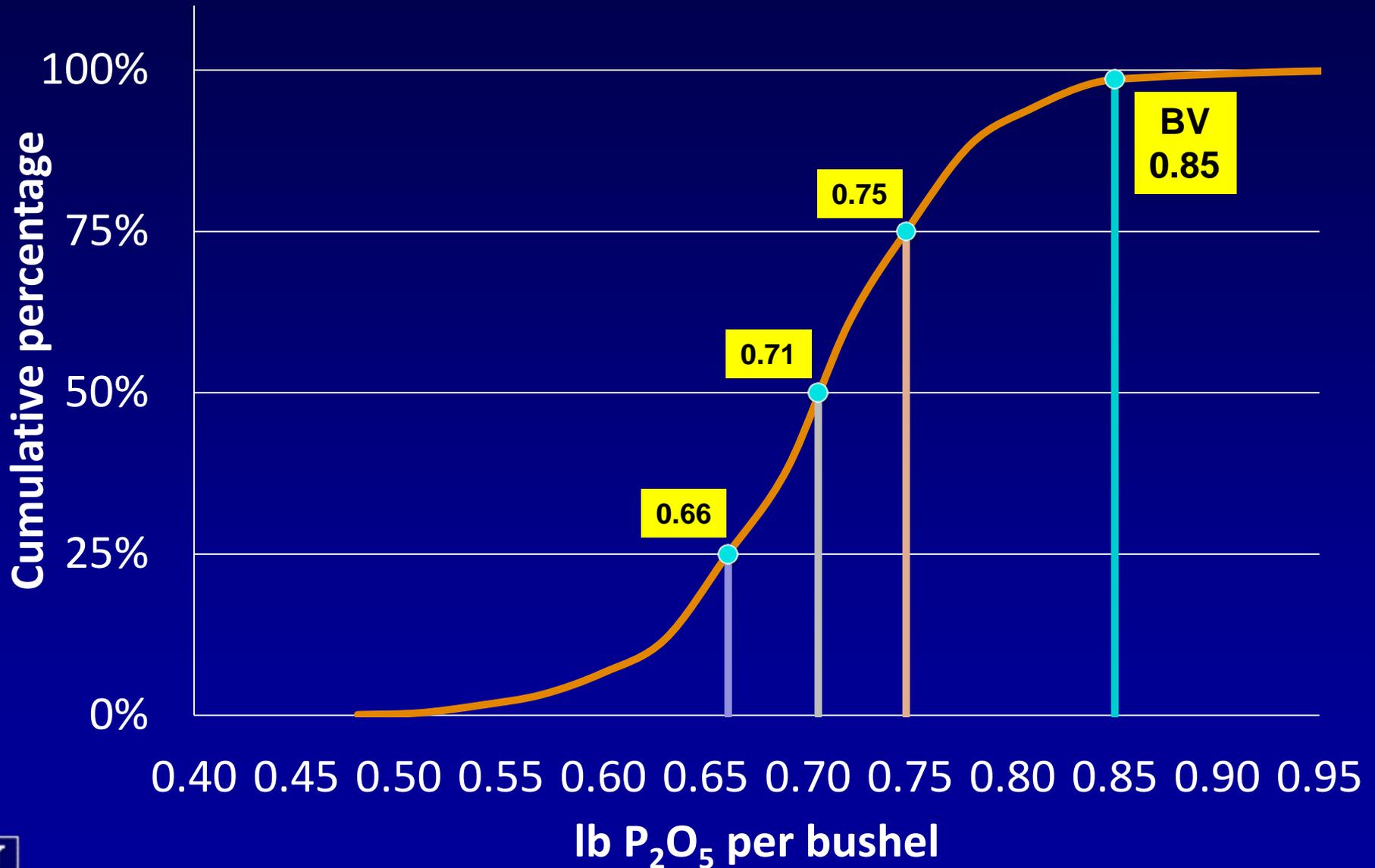


# Soybean grain P

2014 avg 0.72    2015 avg 0.68    2016 avg 0.73



# Soybean grain P, n=2181

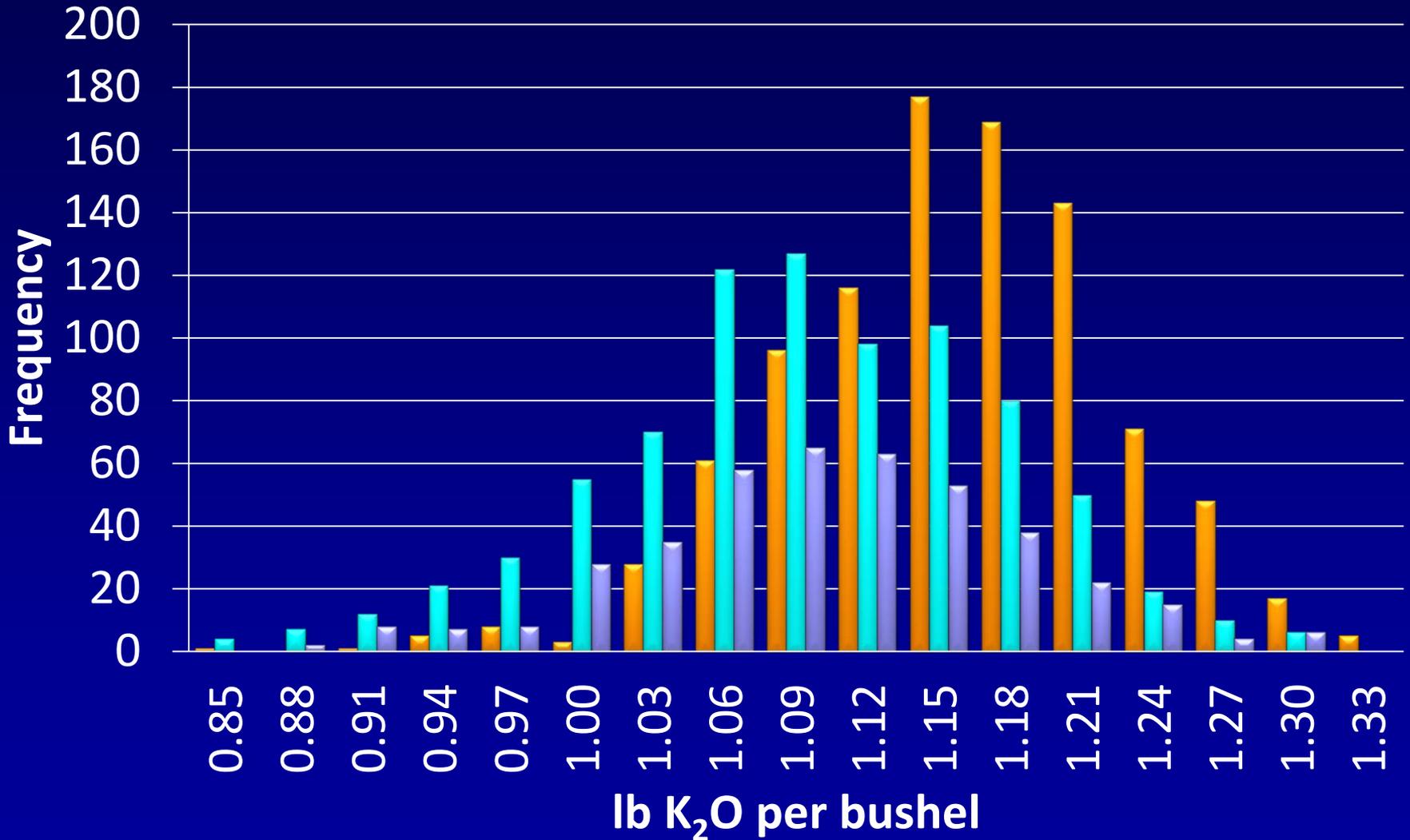


# Soybean grain K, n=2181

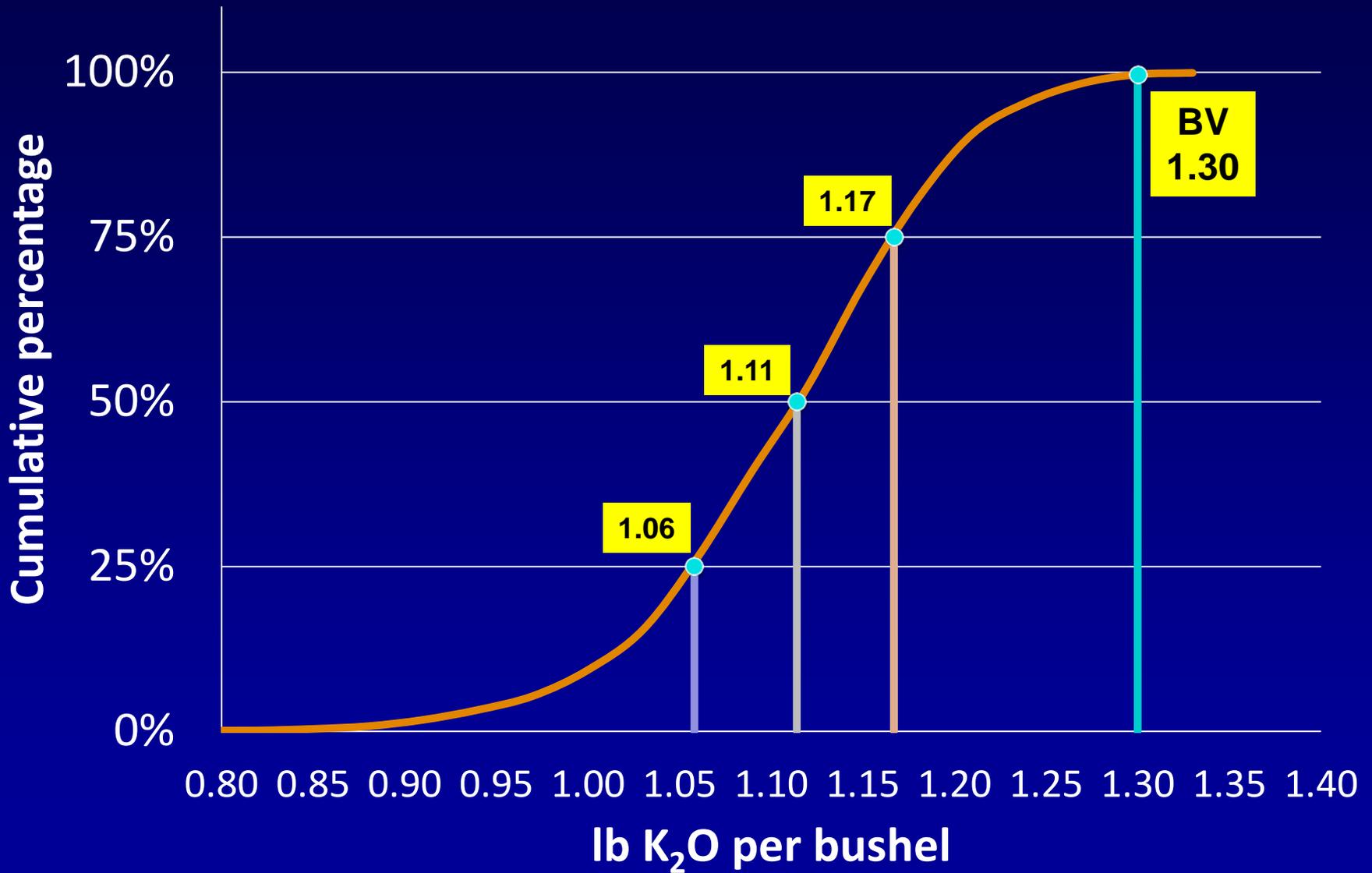
2014, avg = 1.14

2015 avg 1.08

2016, avg 1.09

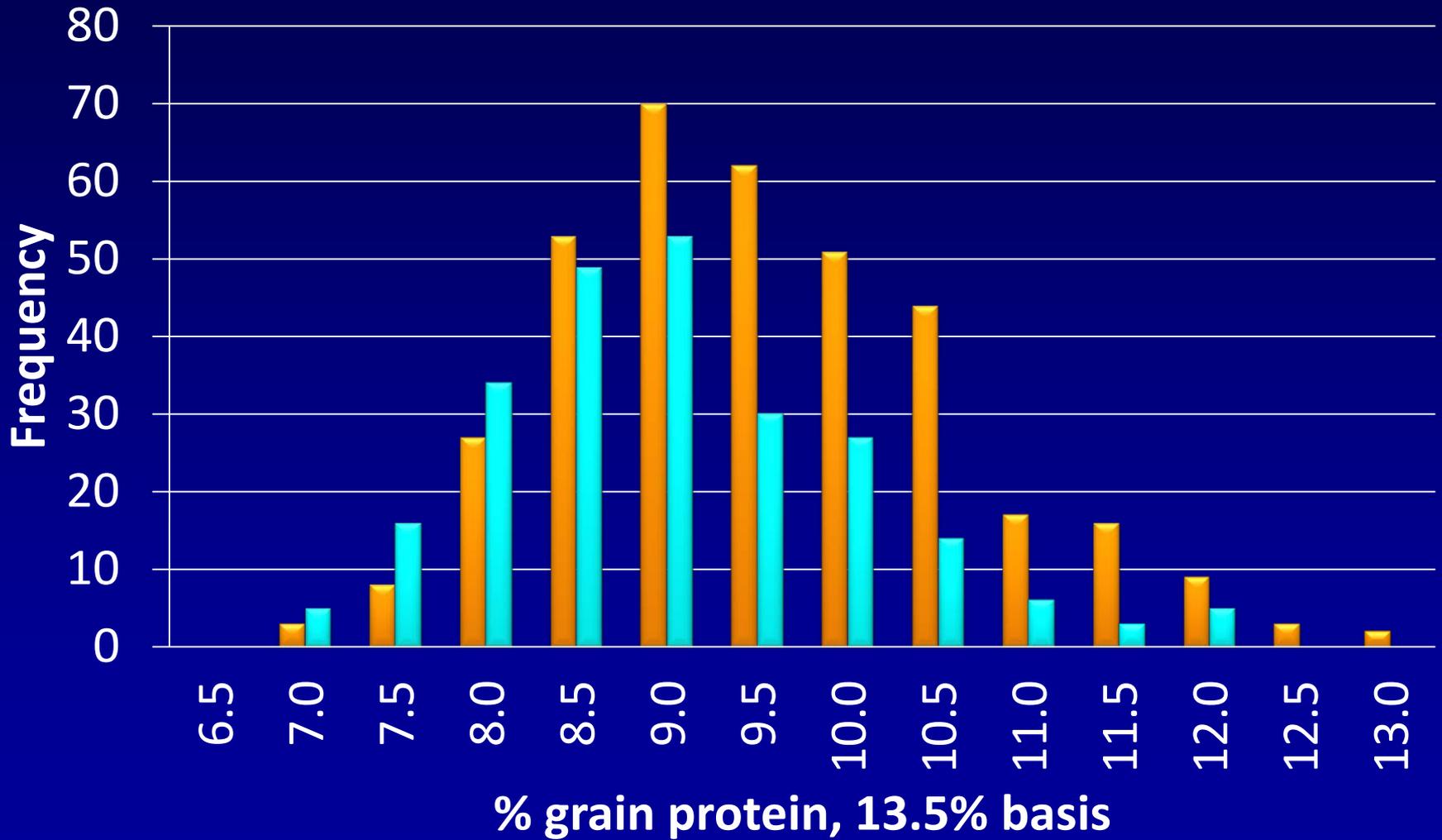


# Soybean grain K, n=2181



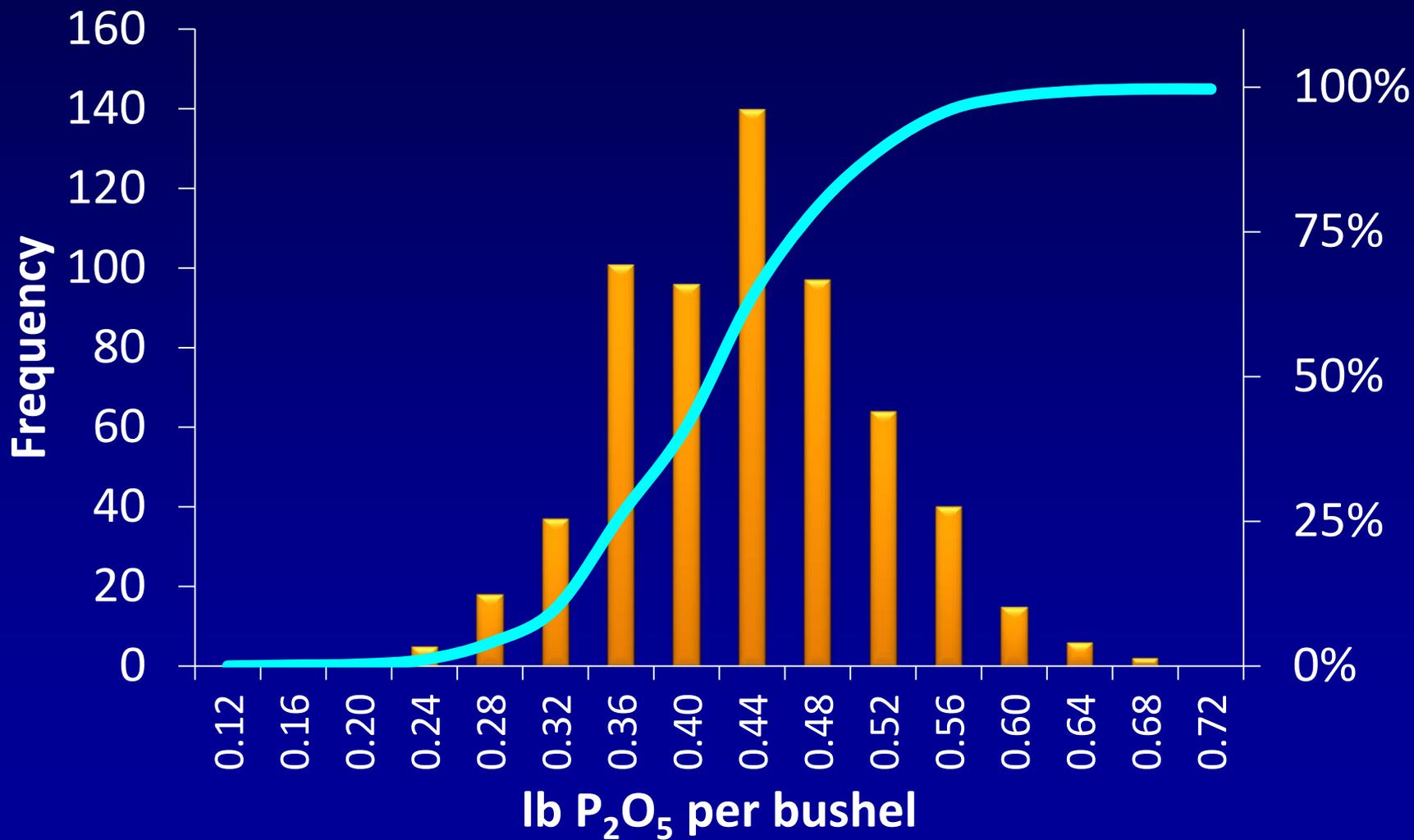
# Wheat grain protein

2015 avg 9.12    2016 avg 8.76

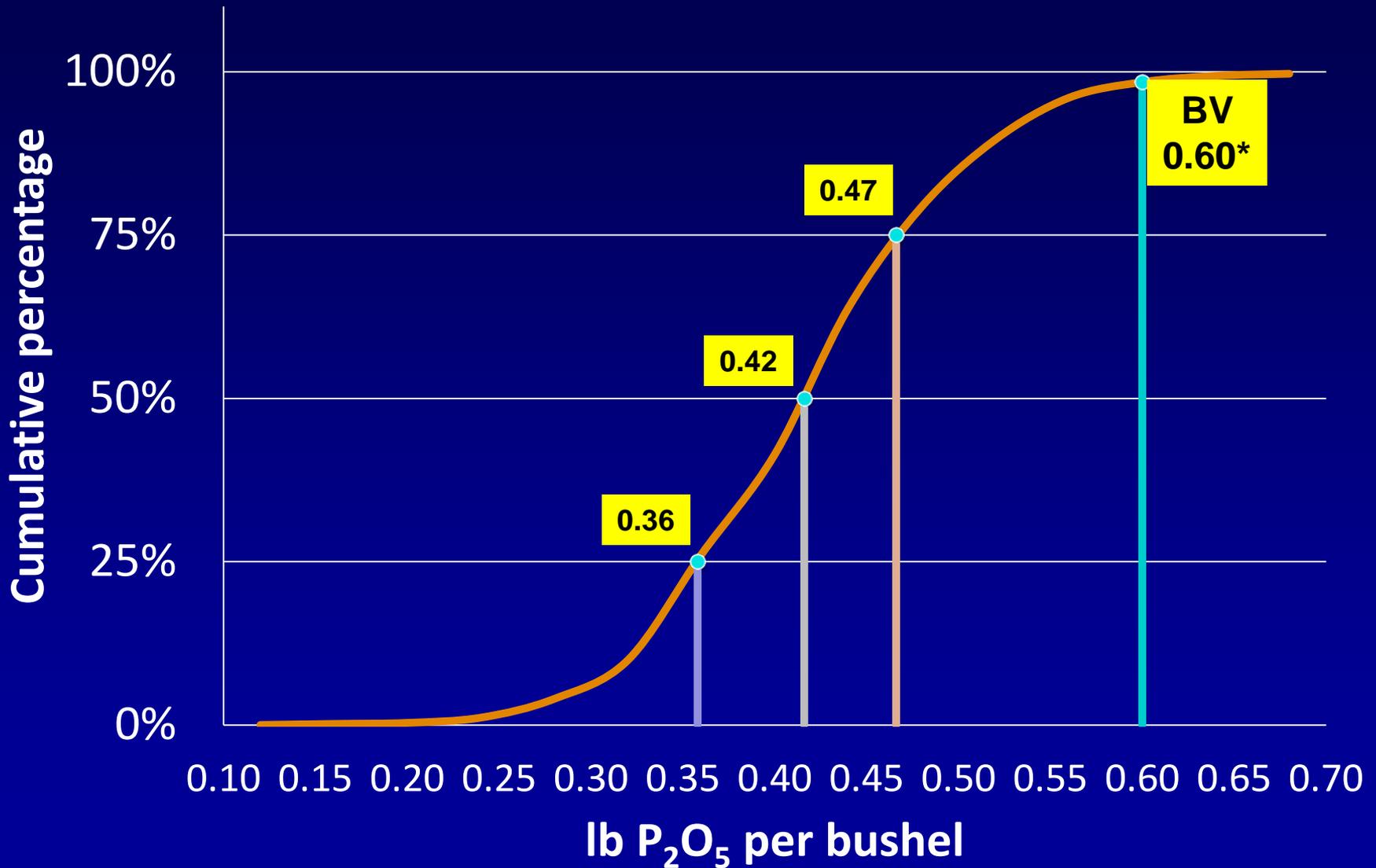


# Wheat grain P, 2014-16, n=625

■ Frequency    — Cumulative distribution



# Wheat grain P, 2015-16, n=625

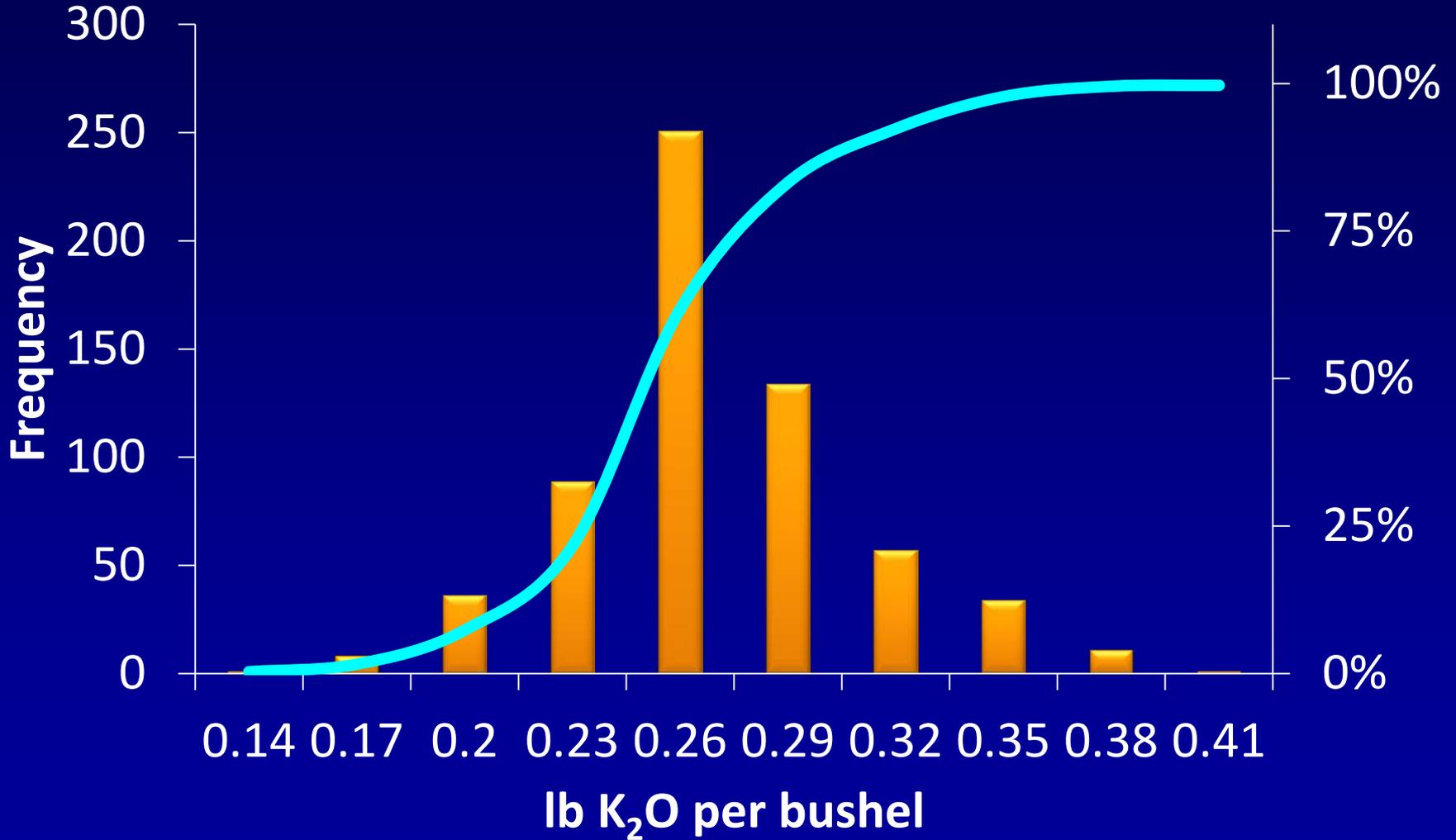


\*Removal value in IAH is 0.9, 1.5 times "actual"

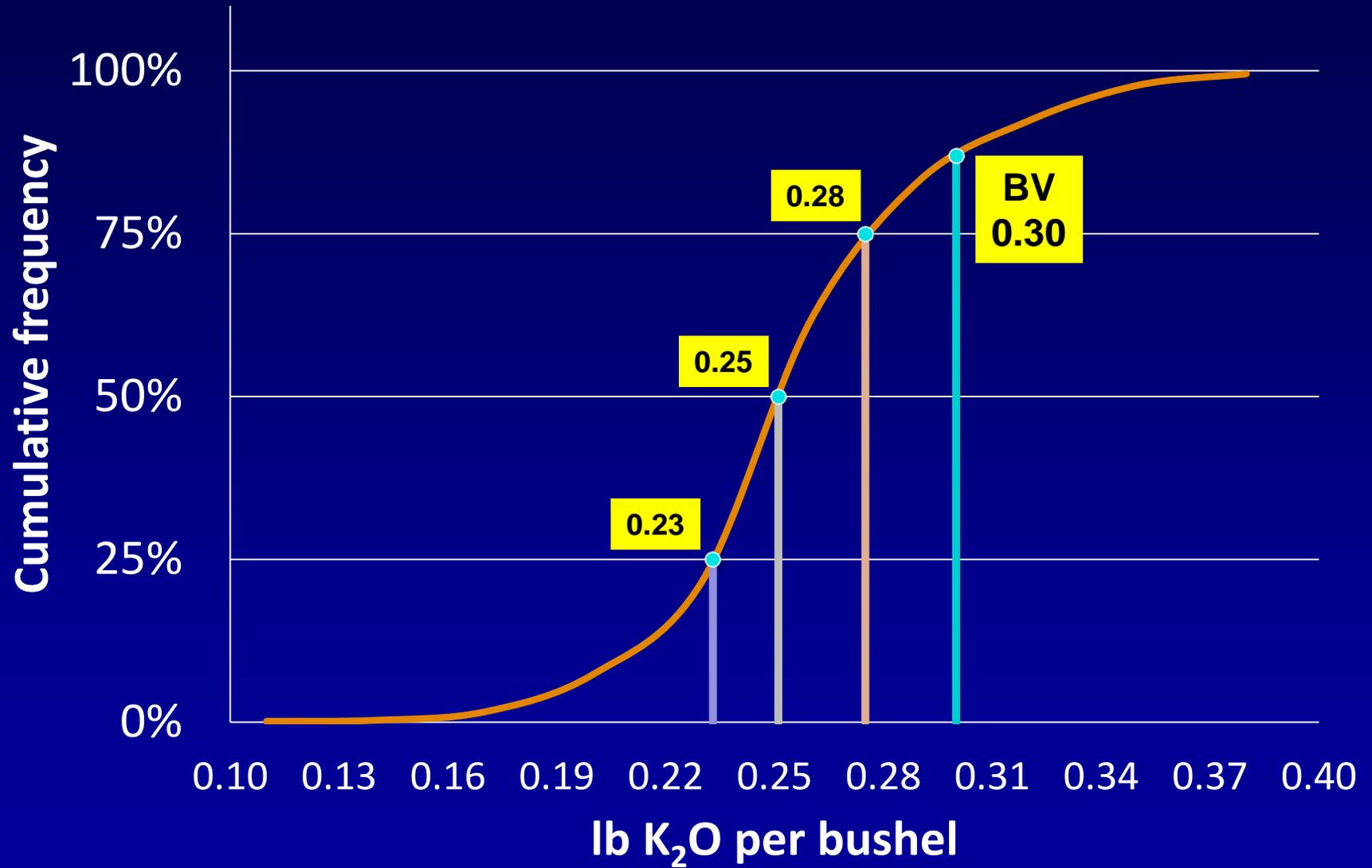


# Wheat grain K, 2014-16, n=625

■ Frequency    — Cumulative percentage



# Wheat grain K, n=625



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## Corn

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Number

$P_2O_5$ /bu

$K_2O$ /bu

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CRD 1-2

508

0.35

0.22

CRD 3-5

792

0.34

0.23

CRD 6-7

508

0.34

0.23

CRD 8-9

332

0.36

0.23

---

2014

683

0.35

0.22

2015

617

0.34

0.23

2016

840

0.34

0.23

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Total/avg

2140

0.34

0.23

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## Soybean

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Number

P<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>/bu

K<sub>2</sub>O/bu

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CRD 1-2

464

0.70

1.11

CRD 3-5

715

0.69

1.11

CRD 6-7

571

0.70

1.11

CRD 8-9

431

0.73

1.09

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2014

919

0.71

1.12

2015

712

0.69

1.11

2016

338

0.73

1.09

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Total/avg

2181

0.70

1.11

---



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**Wheat**

Number

 $P_2O_5$ /bu $K_2O$ /bu

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CRD 1-2

56

0.42

0.26

CRD 3-5

78

0.47

0.28

CRD 6-7

170

0.40

0.26

CRD 8-9

321

0.41

0.25

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2015

382

0.42

0.24

2016

243

0.41

0.27

---

Total/avg

625

0.42

0.26

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## Grain P and K: summary to date

Nutrient	No. of samples	Average value	Range 25th -75th%	Book value	% change BV to 75th%	Iowa State numbers
-----lb P/K (oxide) per bushel-----						
Corn P	2,140	0.34	0.31- <b>0.37</b>	0.43	-14	0.32
Corn K	2,140	0.23	0.22- <b>0.24</b>	0.28	-15	0.22
Soy P	2,181	0.70	0.66- <b>0.75</b>	0.85	-12	0.72
Soy K	2,181	1.11	1.06- <b>1.17</b>	1.30	-10	1.20
Wheat P	625	0.42	0.36- <b>0.47</b>	*0.60	-22	0.55
Wheat K	625	0.26	0.23- <b>0.28</b>	0.24	15	0.27

\*IAH book value is 0.9, 1.5x actual



# Final comments

- The origin and validity of the “book values” in long-term use are not very clear
- Current (75<sup>th</sup> percentile) numbers are modestly lower than the book values except for wheat K
- Differences between years and regions aren’t large enough to consider these in guidelines
- Removal levels don’t vary with crop yield; we don’t have a good idea why they do vary
- The new IL numbers are comparable to the (2011) Iowa State University numbers



# Update on NREC-funded Nitrogen on Corn Projects:

IFCA, Peoria  
January 17, 2017



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Crop Sciences  
University of Illinois  
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# Projects for today's discussion

- Comprehensive N management (started in 2014):
  - On-farm N rate trials (with IFCA)
  - Research center trials with 28 treatments, including N rates, times, forms, and additives
  - N-timing strip trials with late N application
  - DAP as an N source
- N-tracking project (started in 2015)



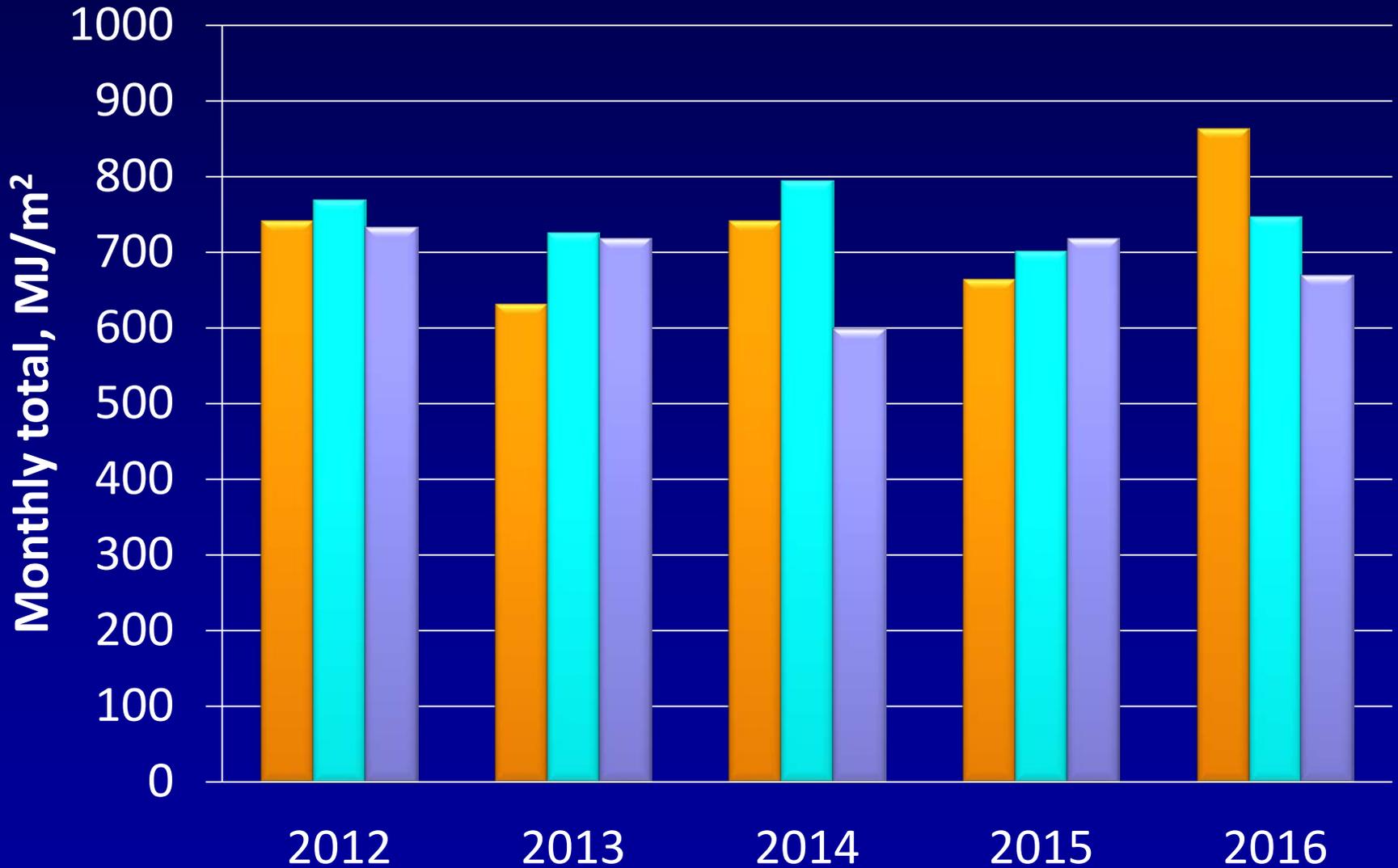
# The 2016 Illinois corn crop:

- Planting was on time, and early establishment was good
- Weather highlights:
  - May rainfall and temperatures about normal
  - June was mostly dry with temperatures above normal
  - July rainfall was normal to above normal: temperatures were normal
  - August rainfall was normal to above-normal, with temperatures a little above normal
- Early maturity and normal harvest progress
- Final yield estimate 197



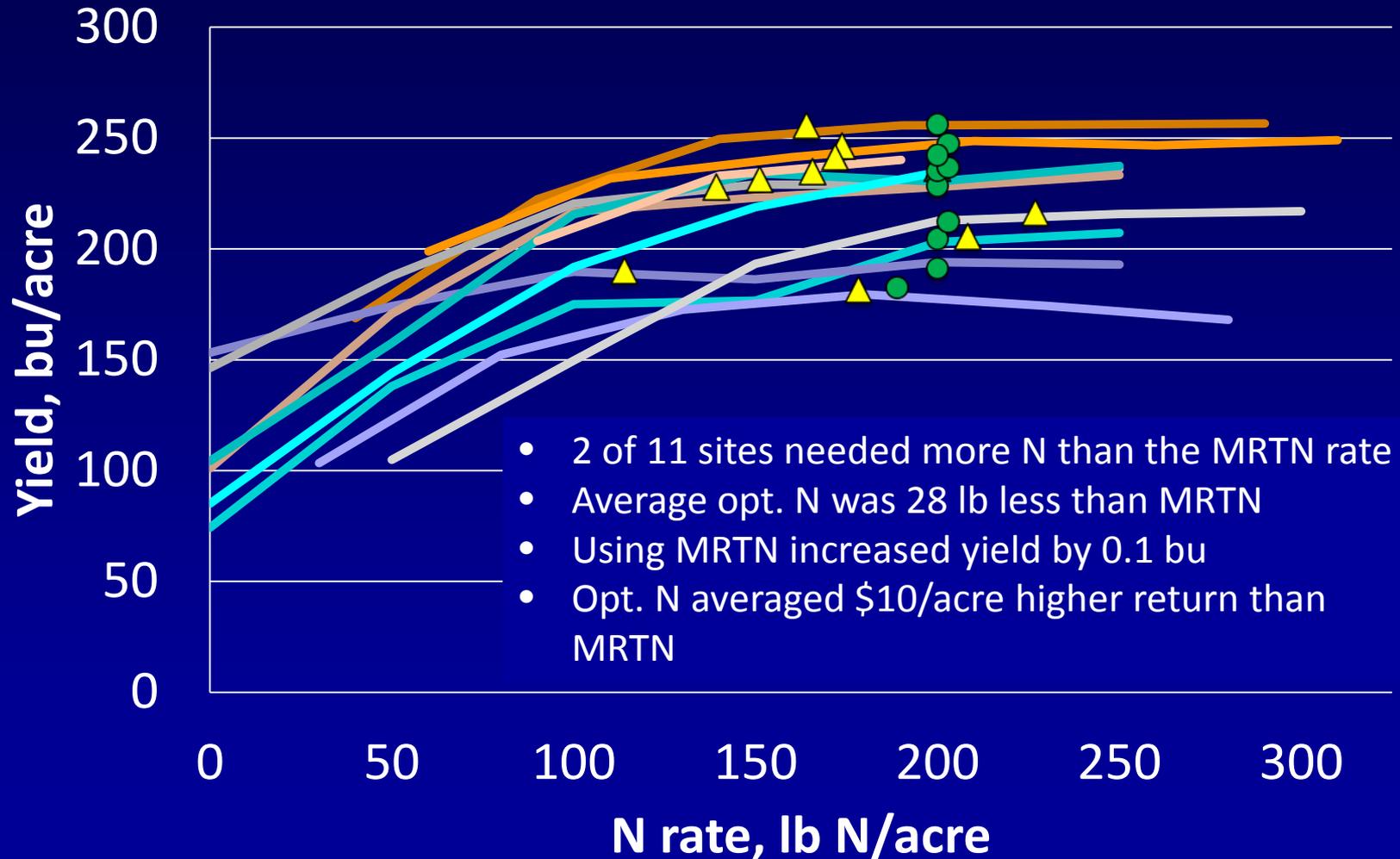
# Sunlight at Bondville ICN site, Champaign County

■ June ■ July ■ August



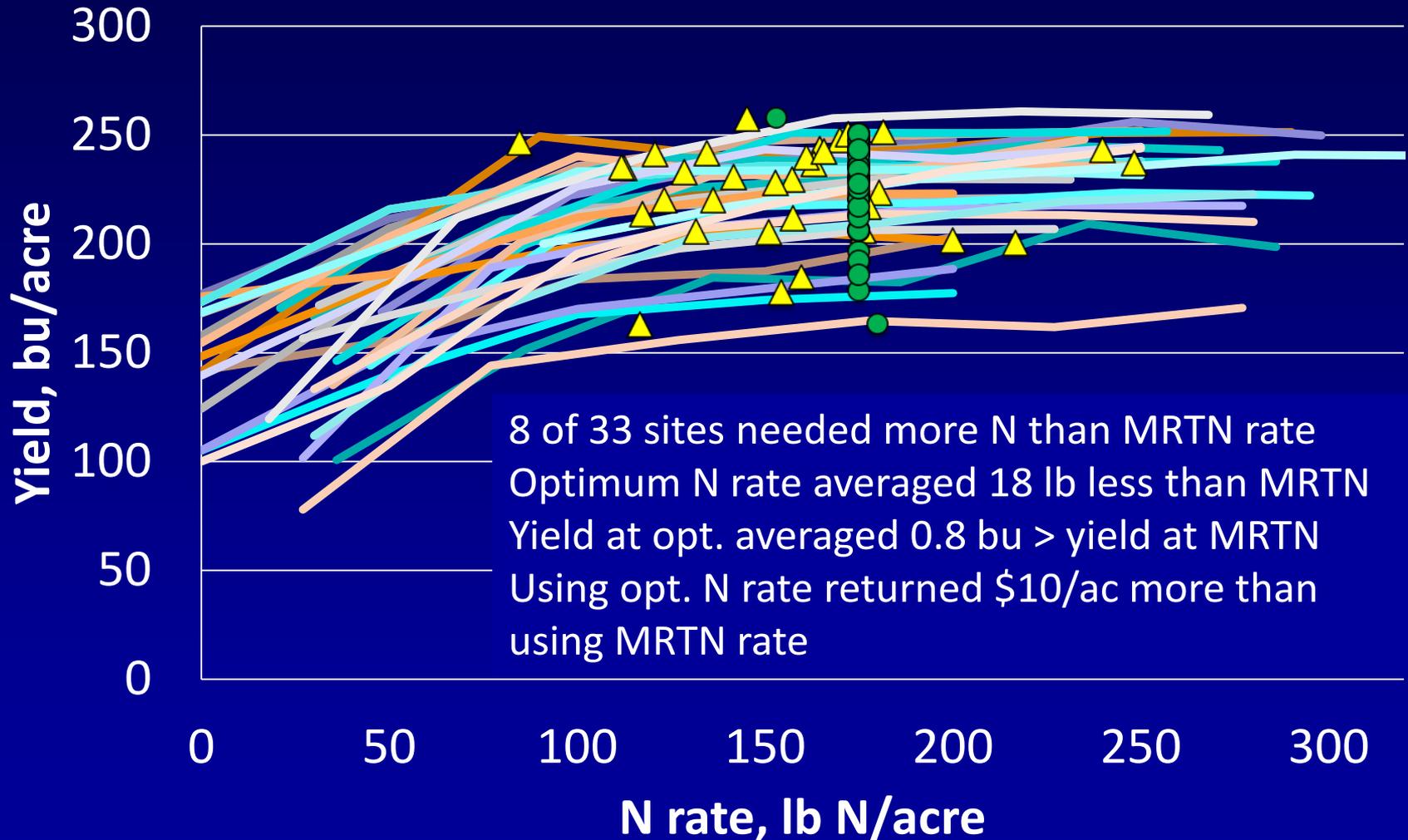
# 11 on-farm N trials Corn-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum ● MRTN



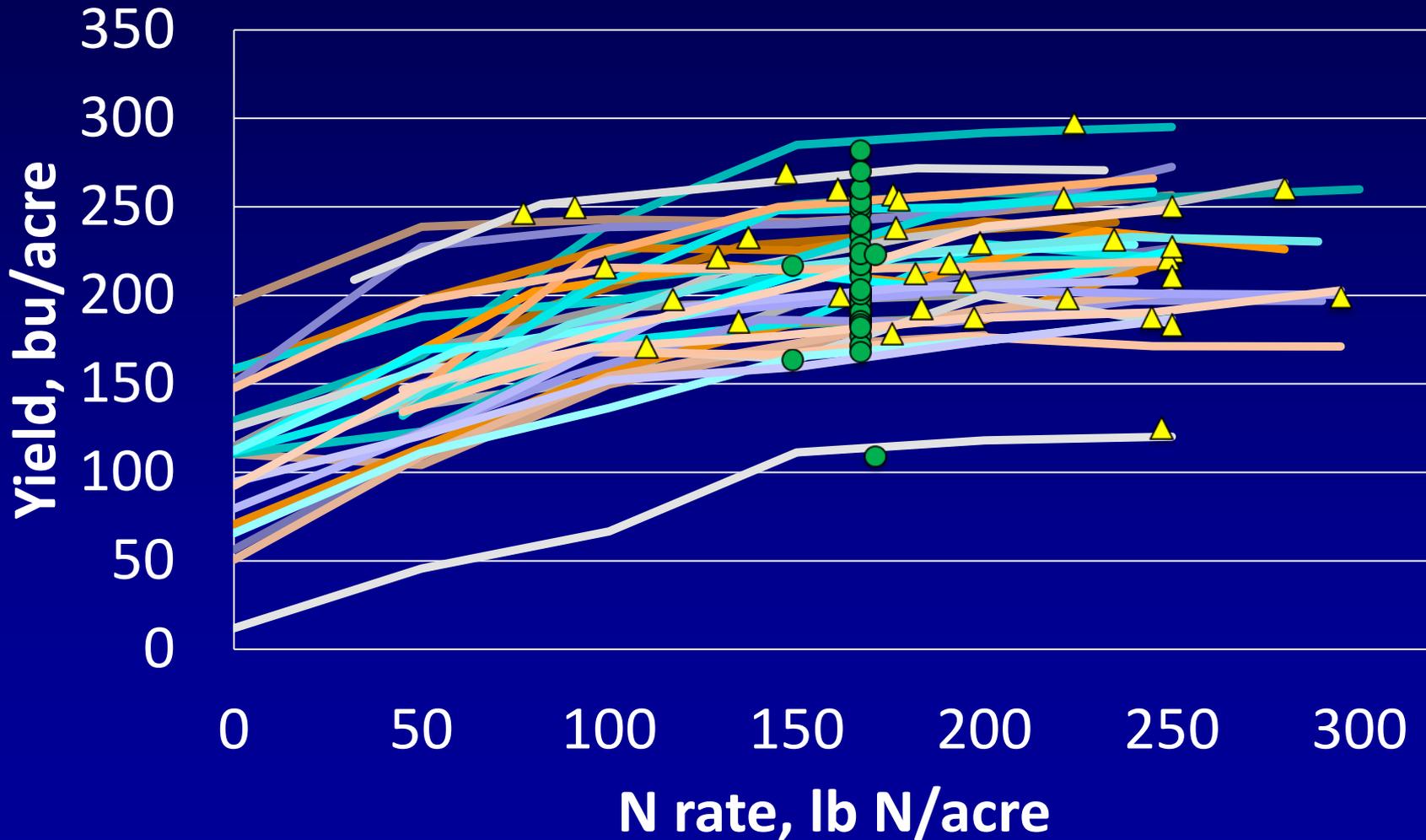
# 33 on-farm N trials Soy-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum ● MRTN



# 35 on-farm trials Soy-Corn 2015

▲ Optima ● MRTN



# Current MRTN N rate guidelines from the N rate calculator

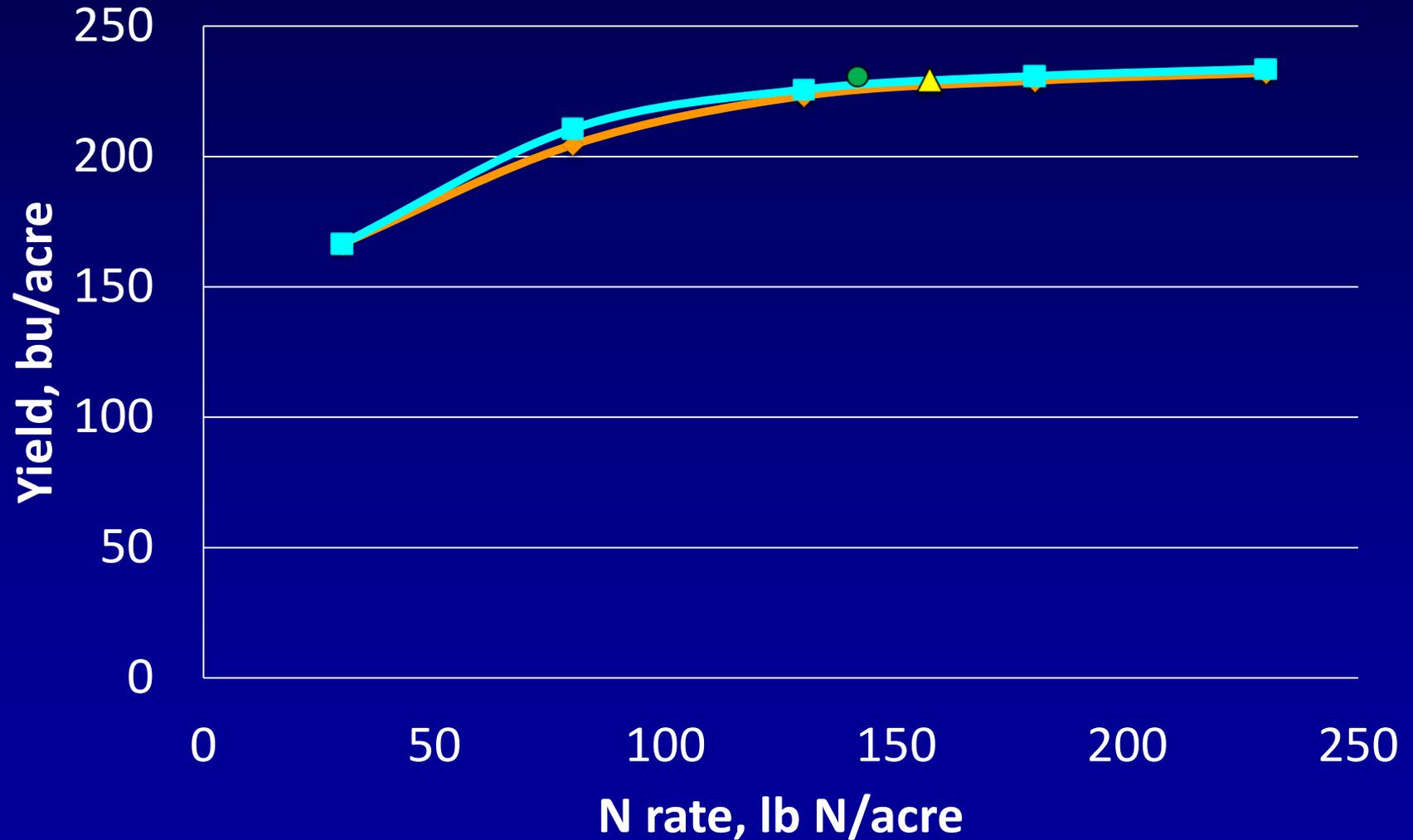
- Based on N price = \$0.375/lb and corn price = \$3.75/bu

IL region	Soy-corn	Corn-corn
North	153 (78)	203 (89)
Central	175 (214)	200 (155)
South	180 (113)	189 (47)



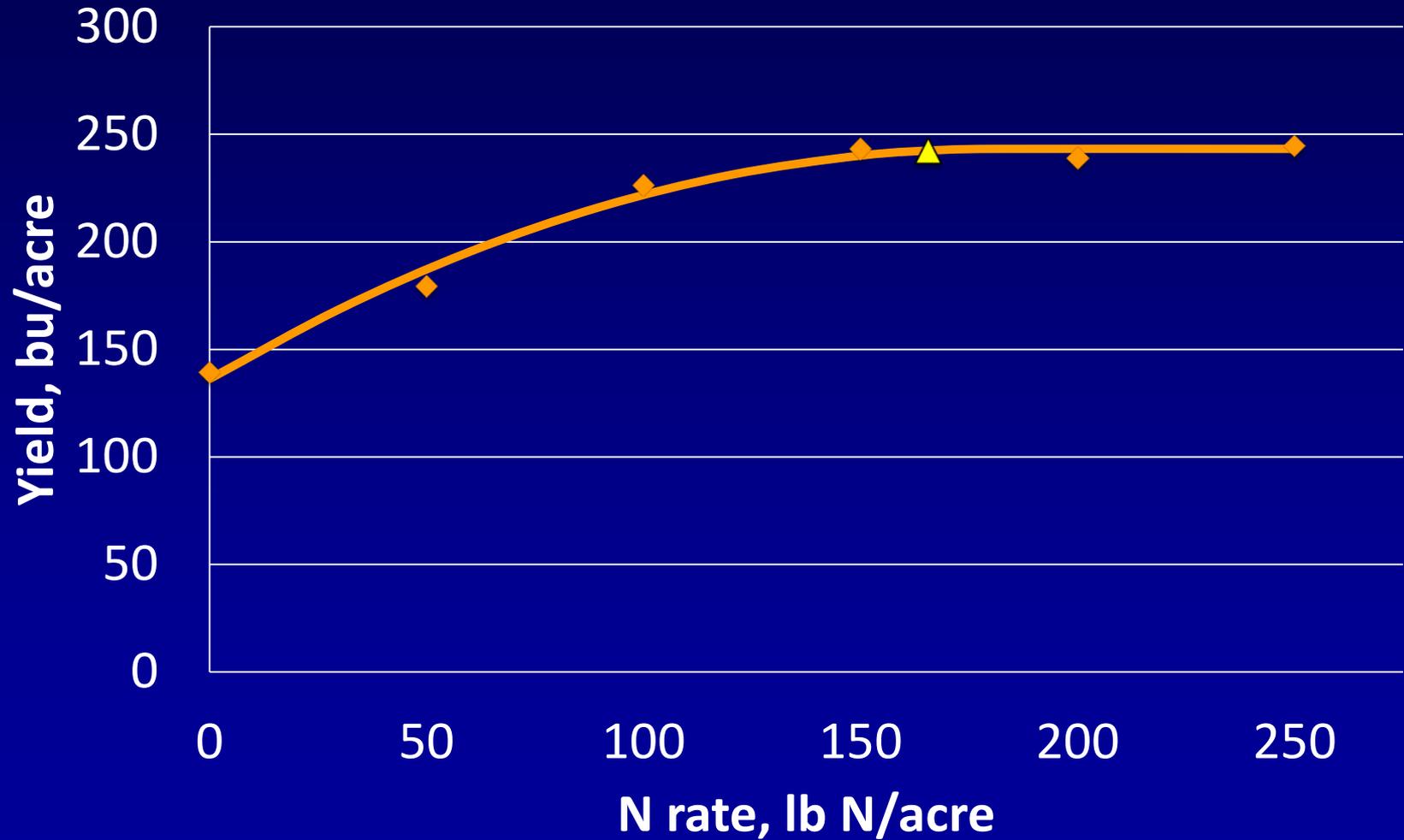
# DeWitt County Soy-Corn 2016

— Fall NH3 — Spring NH3 ▲ Optimum Fall ● Optimum Spring



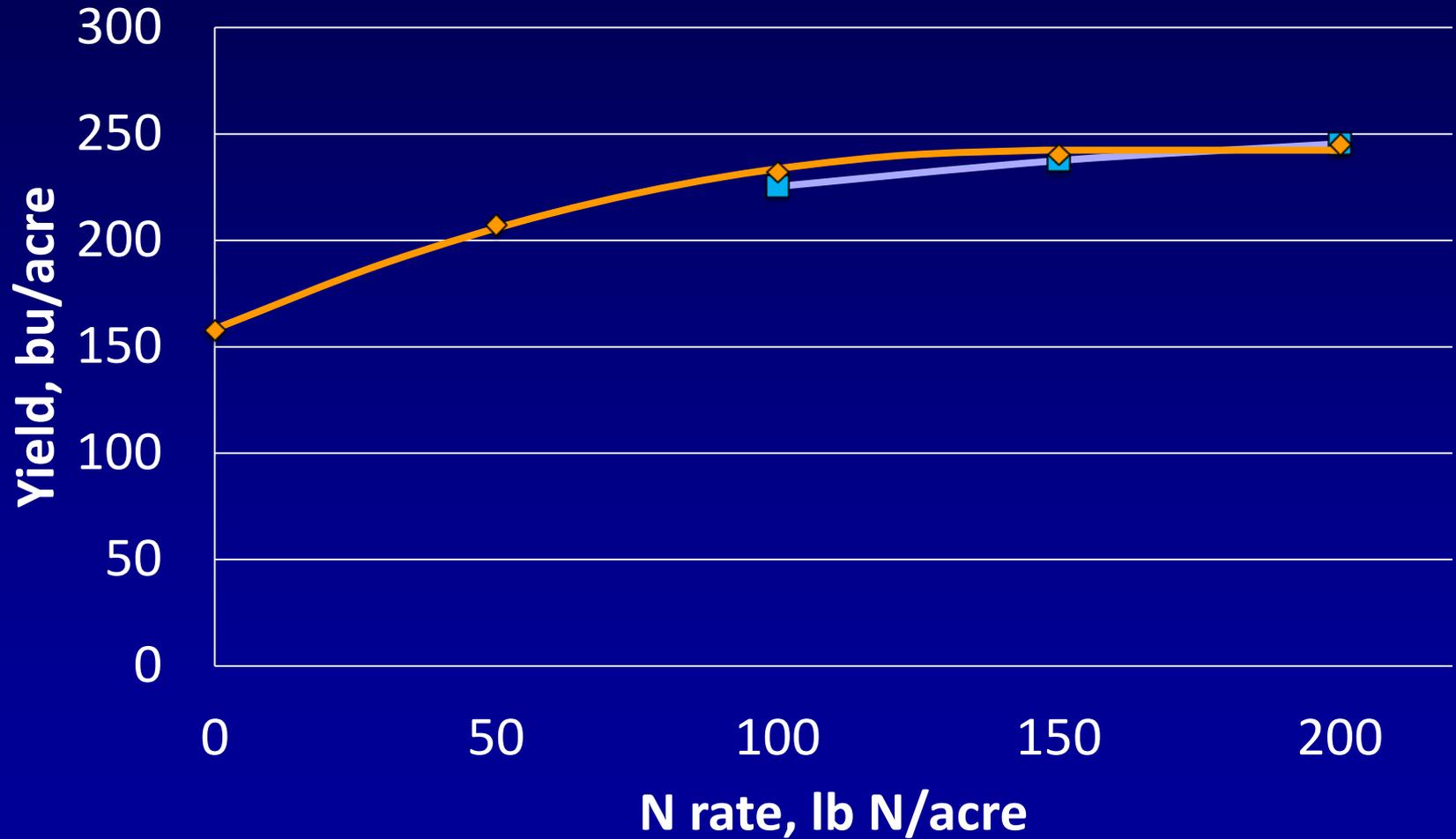
# McLean County Soy-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum



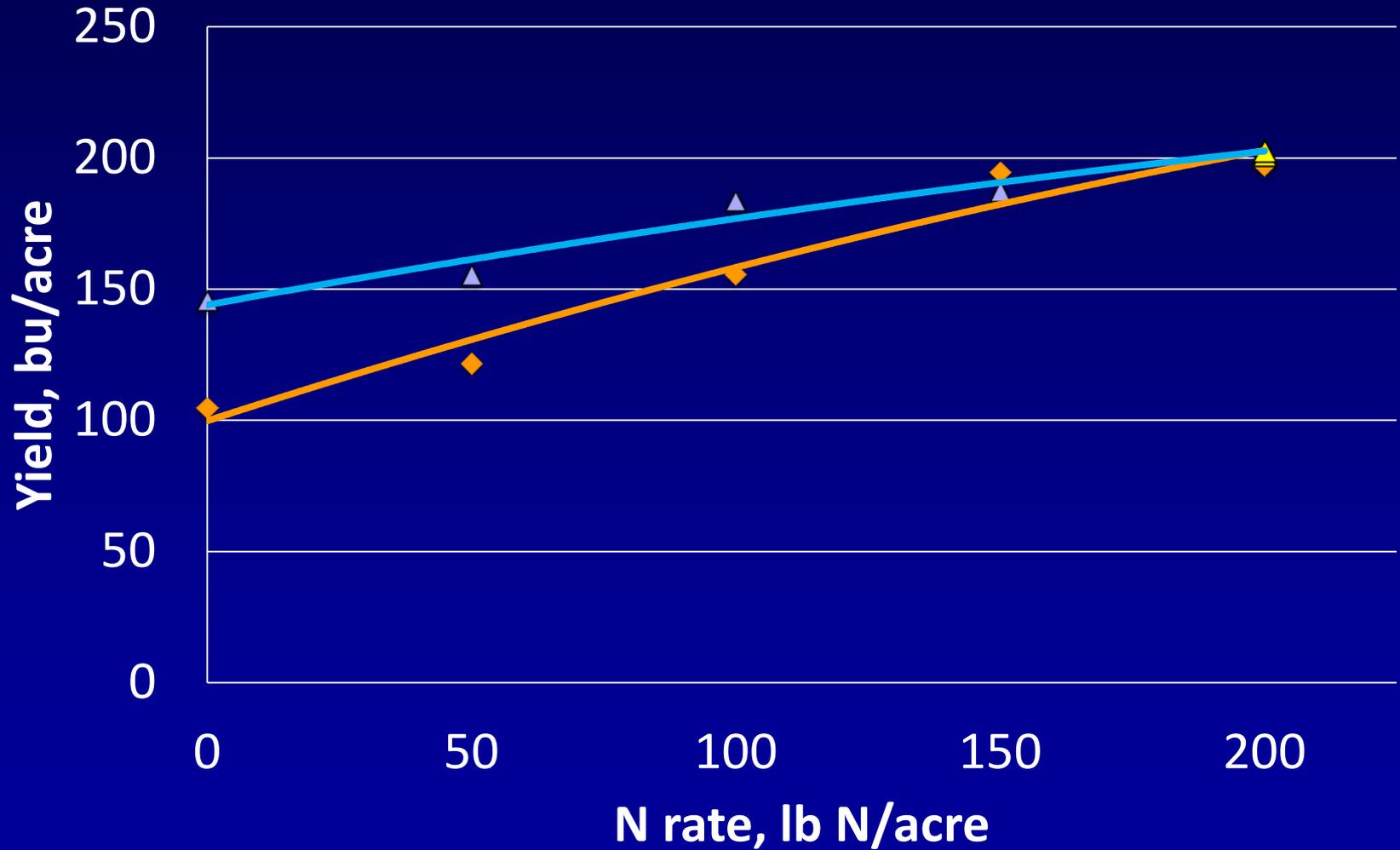
# Scott County Soy-Corn 2016

◆ E. Spr NH3    ■ E. Spr+50 SD



# Menard County Soy-Corn 2016

◆ Cover crop    ▲ No cover crop    ▲ Optimum



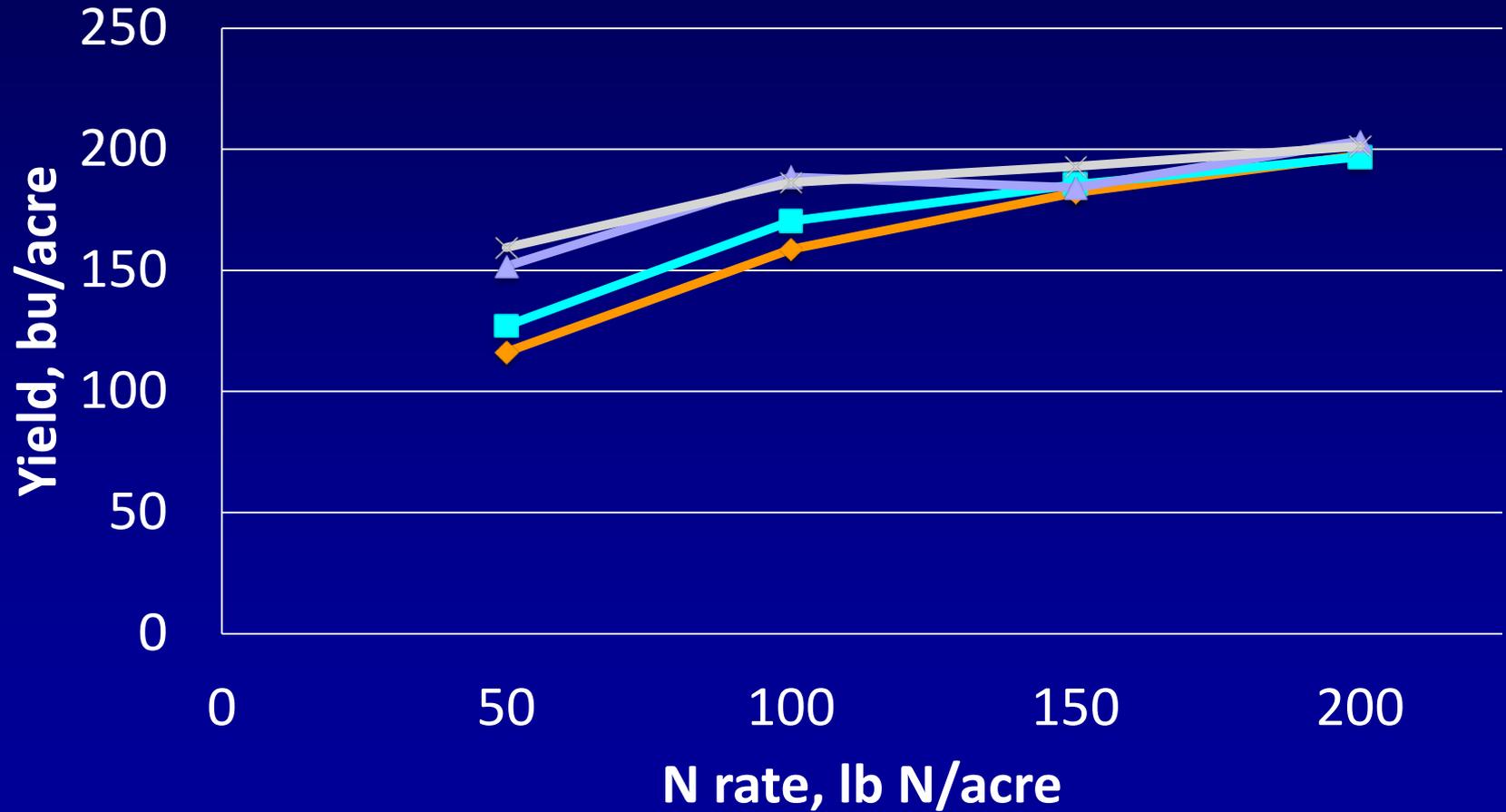
# Menard County Soy-Corn 2016

—♦— Fall N+cover

—■— Spring N+cover

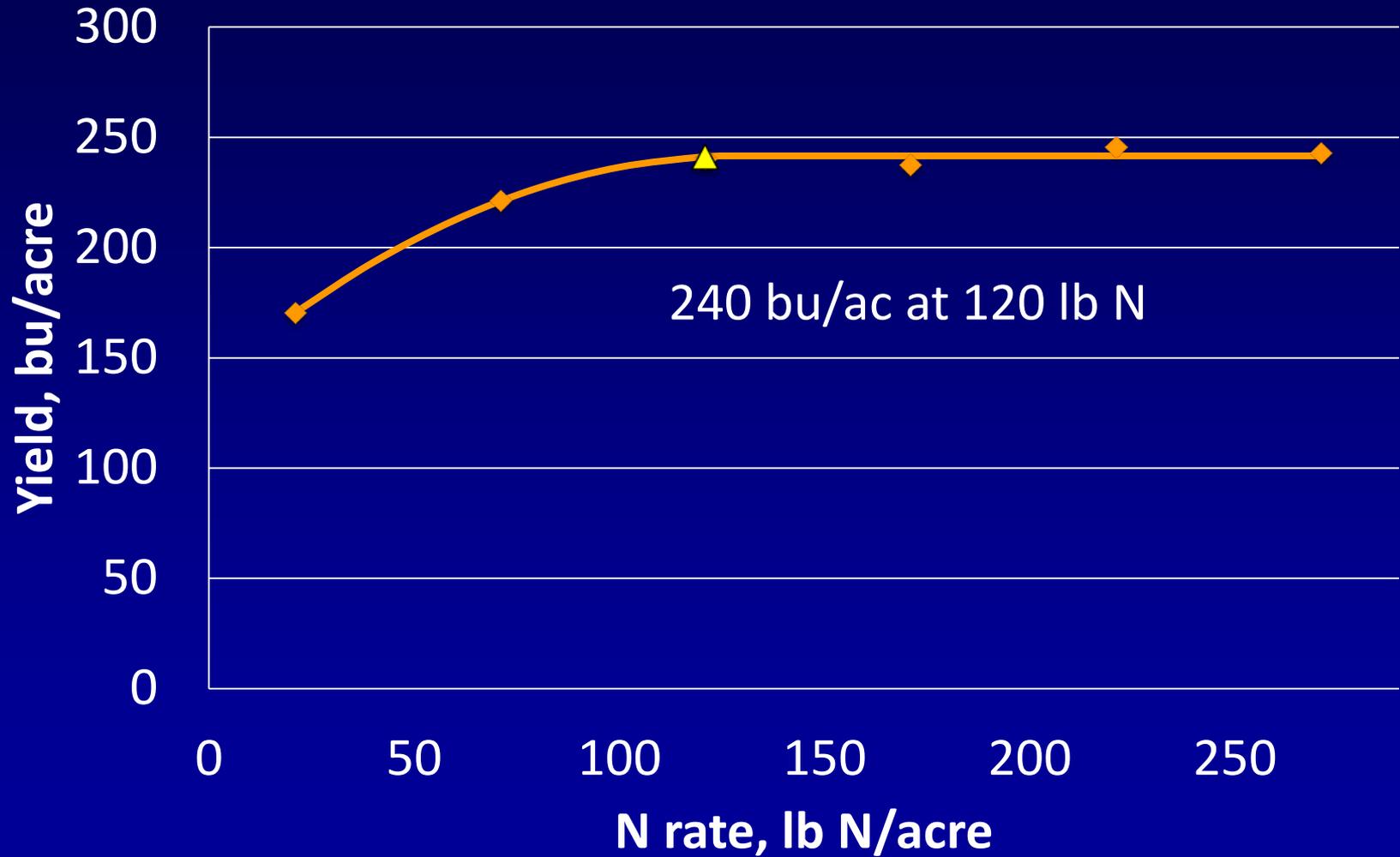
—▲— Fall N no cover

—×— Spring N no cover



# Sangamon County Soy-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum

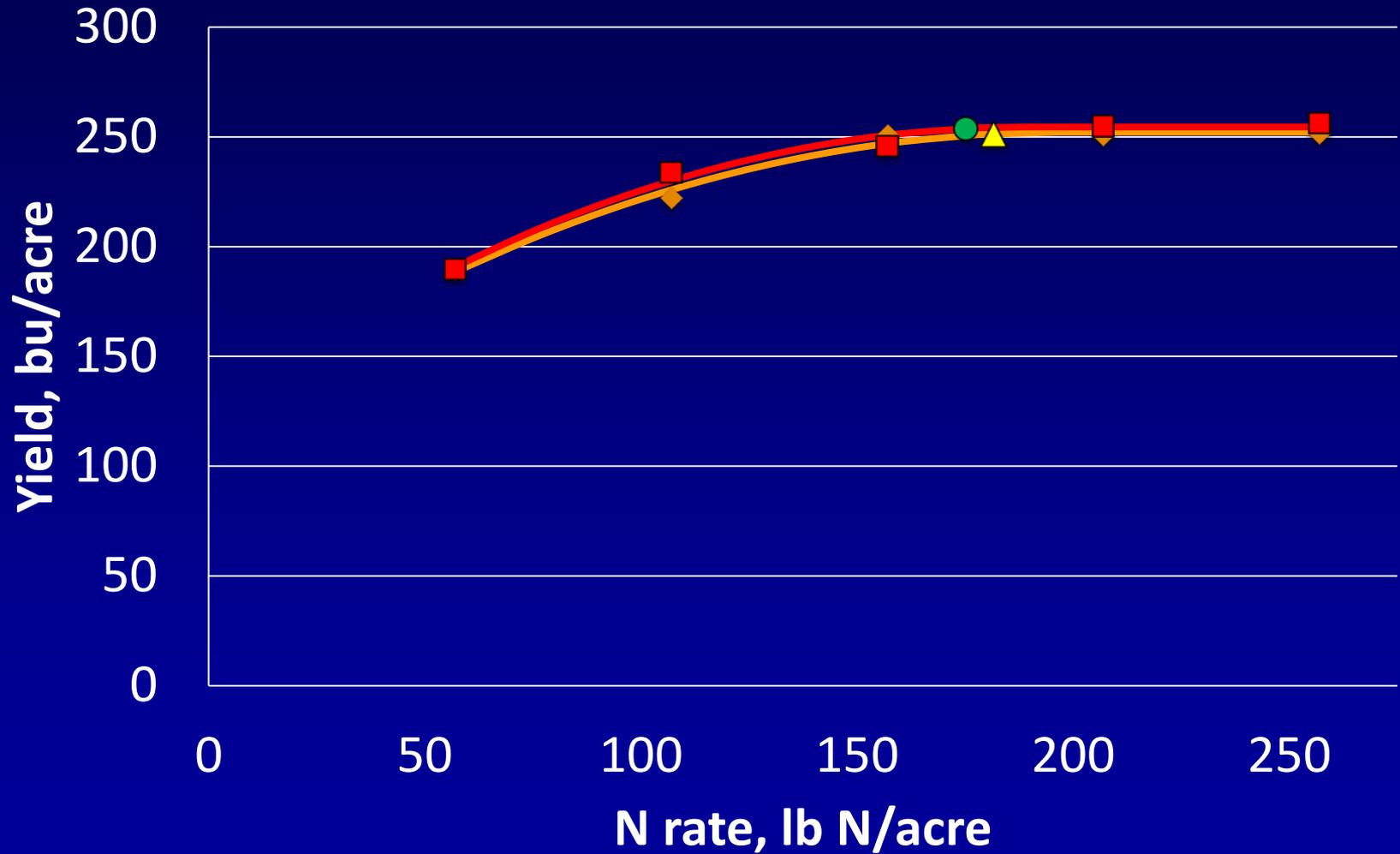


240 bu/ac at 120 lb N



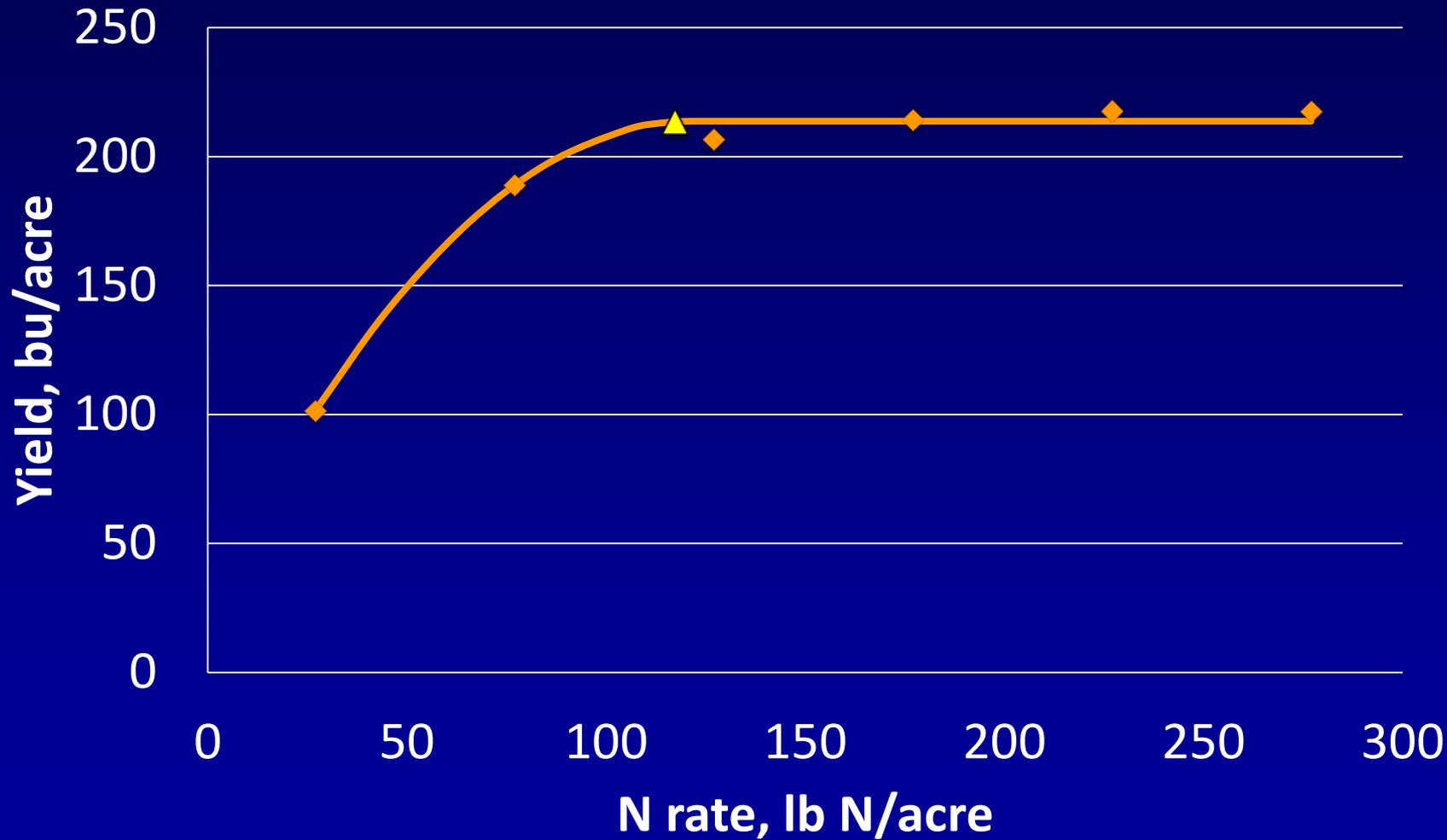
# McLean County Soy-Corn 2016

◆ Spring NH3   ■ Spr NH3+50 lb SuperU SD   ▲ Opt. Spring   ● Opt. Spr+SD



# Vermilion County Soy-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum



# Crawford County Soy-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum



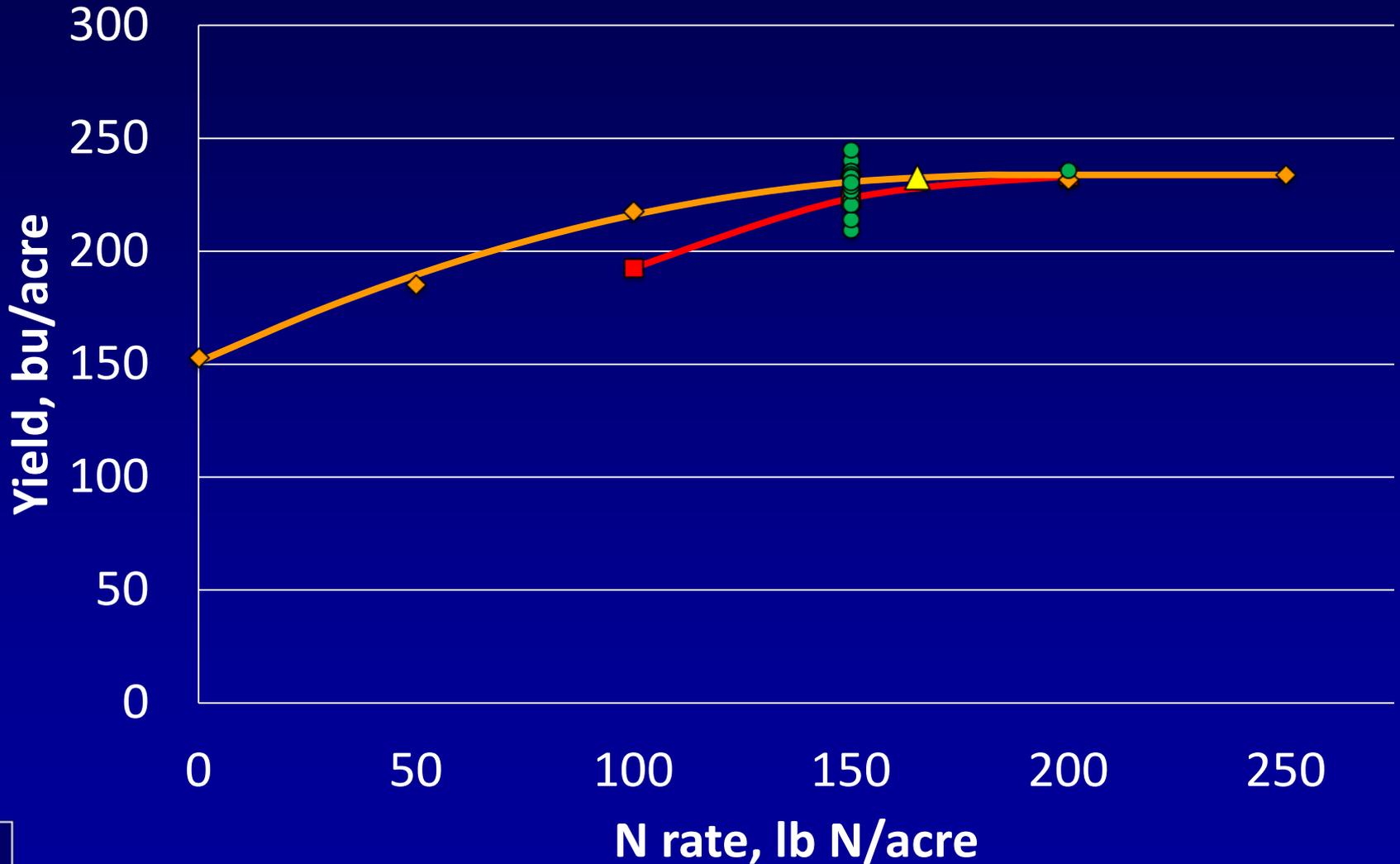
# Small-plot trials

- At 5 research sites, corn following soybean
- Base rates of injected UAN: 0, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250
- Set of rates with 50 lb N as broadcast UAN at planting and 50, 100, 150 lb as injected UAN at sidedress
- And 20 different ways to apply 150 lb N



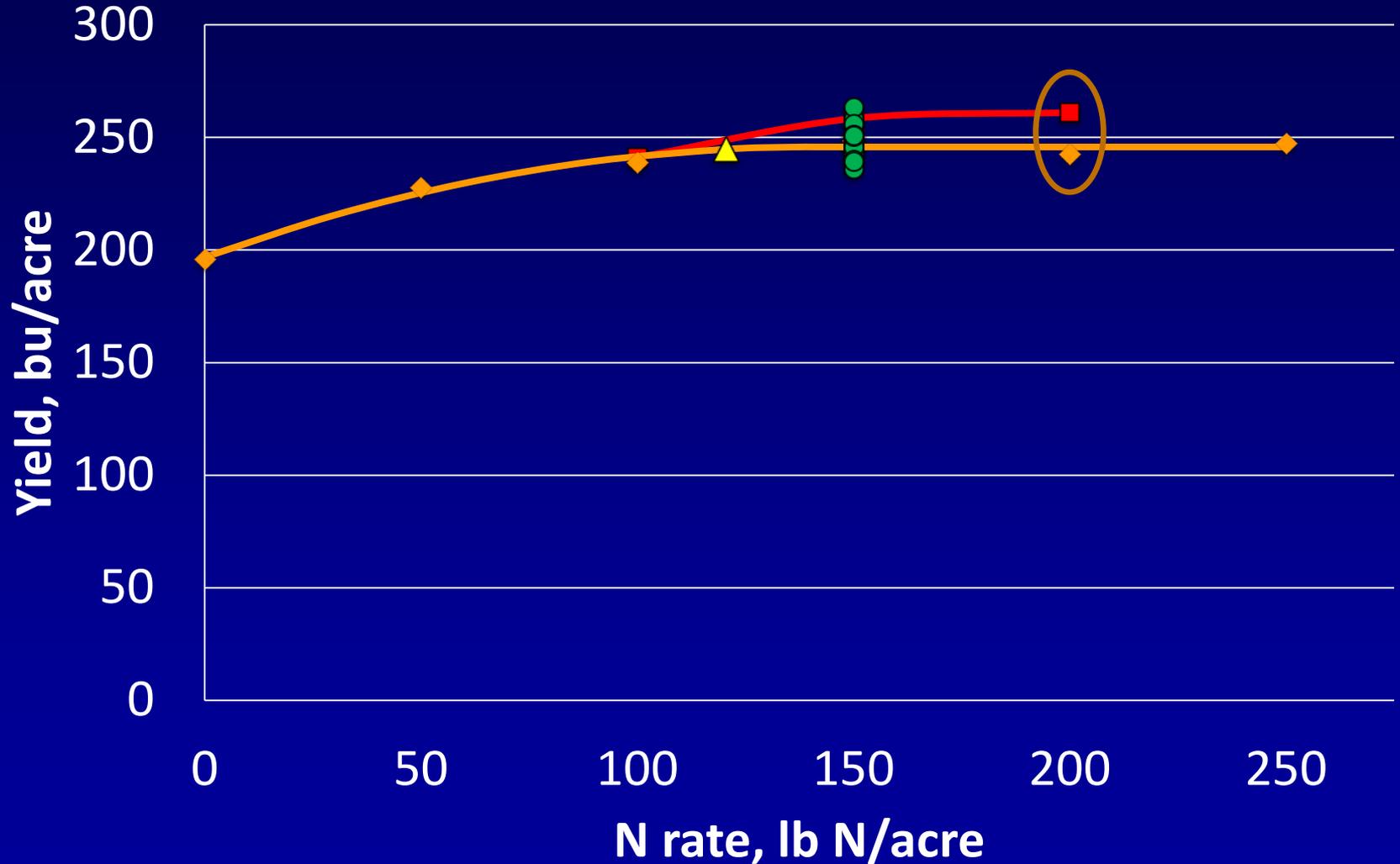
# DeKalb 2016

◆ PT UAN    ■ PT 50+SD UAN    ▲ Optimum    ● Forms/times



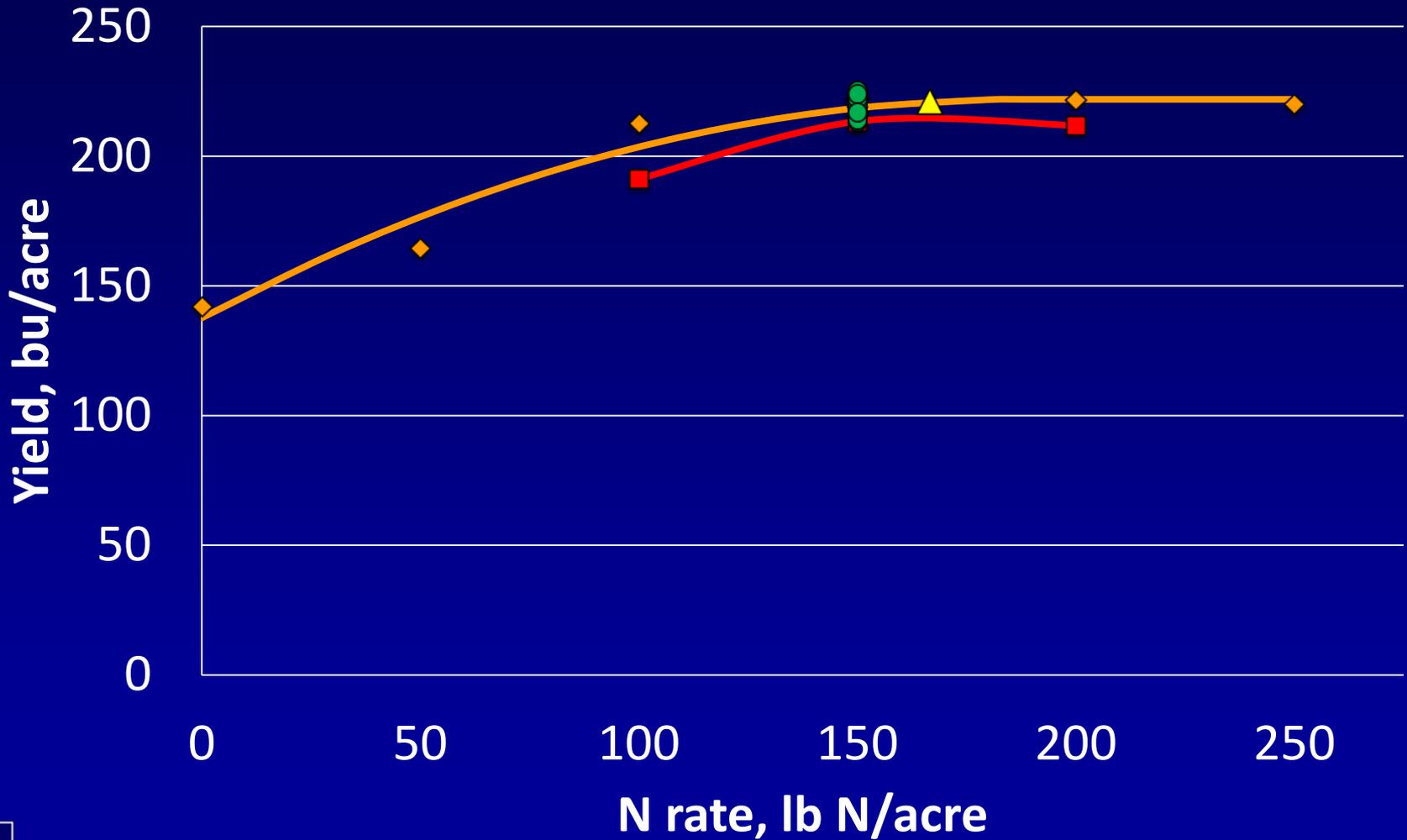
# Monmouth Soy-Corn 2016

◆ PT UAN    ■ PT 50 + SD UAN    ▲ Optimum    ● Forms/times



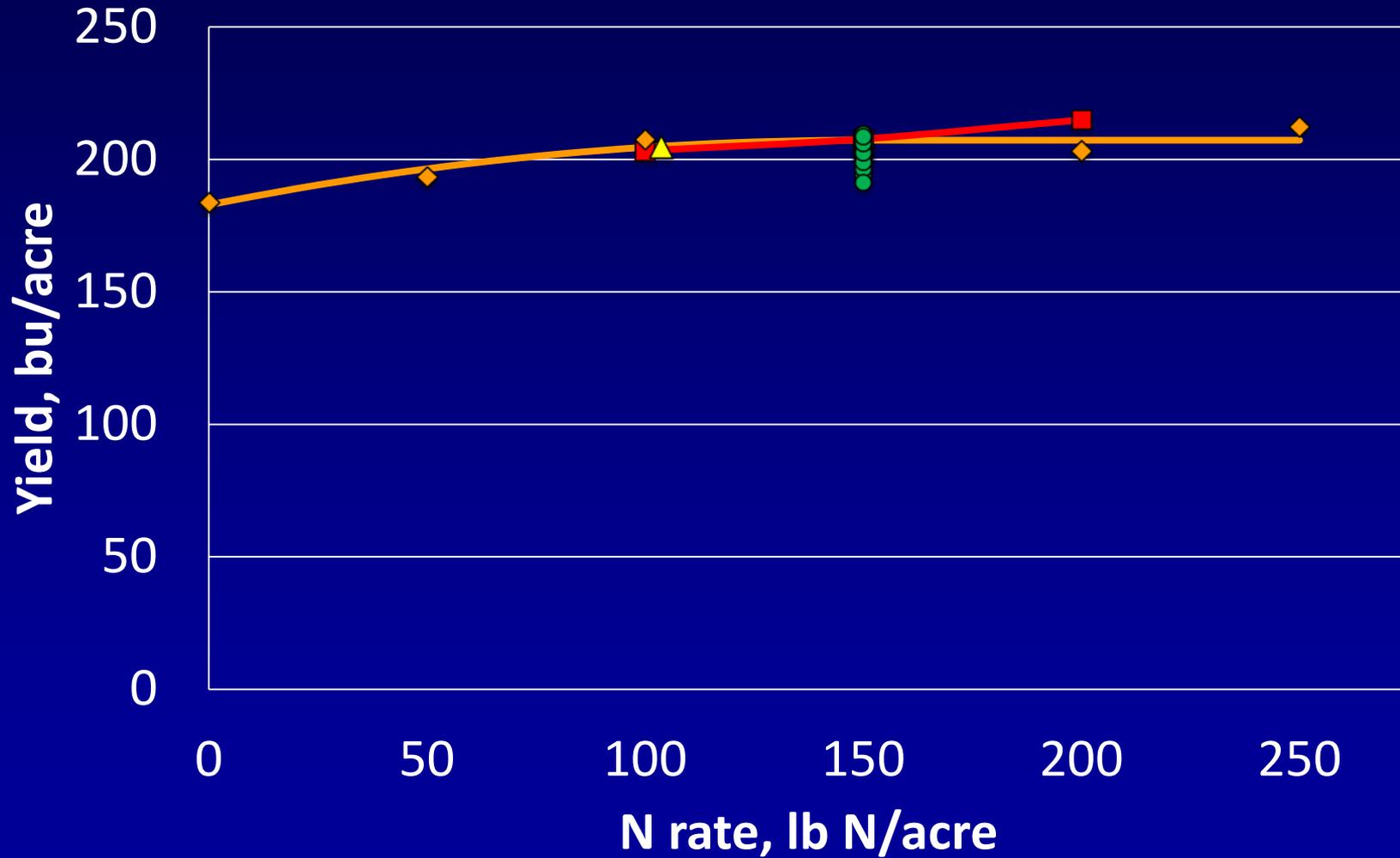
# Urbana Soy-Corn 2016

◆ PT UAN    ■ PT 50+SD UAN    ▲ Optimum    ● Forms/times



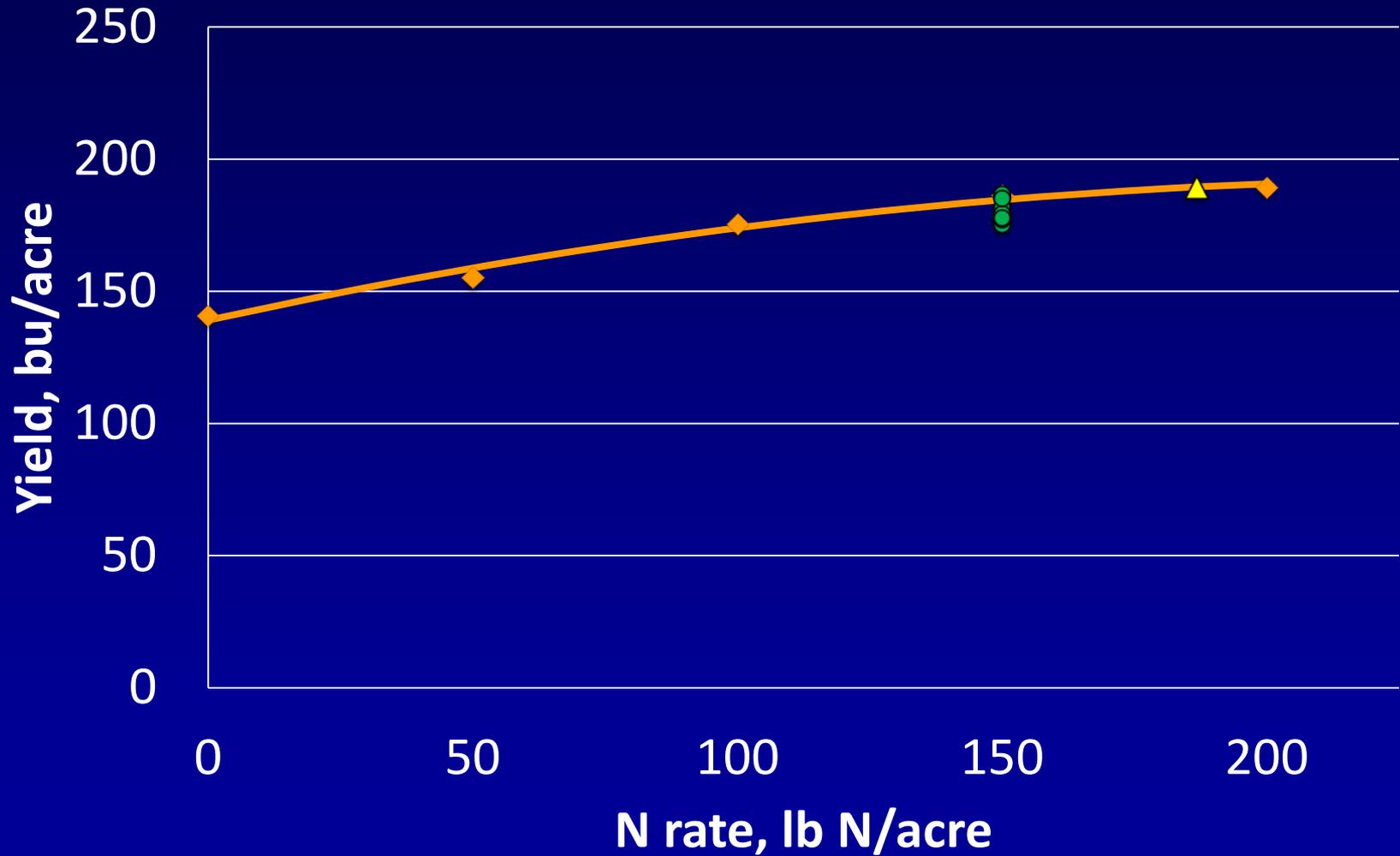
# Perry Soy-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum    ● Forms/times at 150 lb    ■ PI50 + SD UAN



# Neoga Soy-Corn 2016

▲ Optimum ● Forms/times



## 2016, 150-lb rate

	DeKalb	Monmouth	Urbana	Perry	Avg
PT UAN injected (check)	234	248	219	205	226
PT UAN 50 bdcst + V5 UAN 100 inj	223	258	213	208	226
PT 0 + V5 UAN 150 inj row mid	223	245	218	202	222
PT 0 + V9 UAN 150 drbl row mid	209	236	216	194	214
PT UAN 100 inj + V5 UAN 50 inj	233	240	220	201	223
PT UAN 100 inj + V5 U/AT 50 bdcst	236	244	223	201	226
PT UAN 100 inj + V9 UAN 50 drbl row	240	247	222	202	228
PT UAN 100 inj + V9 U/AT 50 bdcst	235	243	223	205	226
PT UAN 150 drbl	235	248	216	197	224
PT Urea/Agrotain 150 bdcst	235	263	221	201	230
PT SuperU 150 bdcst	234	256	223	206	230
PT ESN 150 bdcst	245	250	214	210	230
PT UAN/AT 150 bdcst	214	251	219	191	219
PT NH <sub>3</sub> 150 inj	221	251	222	210	225
PT NH <sub>3</sub> /N-Serve 150 inj	---	247	219	199	223
PT UAN/Instinct 150 bdcst	227	246	214	203	222
PT UAN 100 inj + V9 UAN 50 drbl row	233	250	222	203	227
PT UAN 100 inj + VT UAN 50 row mid	233	251	225	206	229
PT UAN 100 inj + VT UAN 50 drbl row	229	240	224	209	225
PT UAN 150 inj + Nutrisphere	231	239	217	205	223

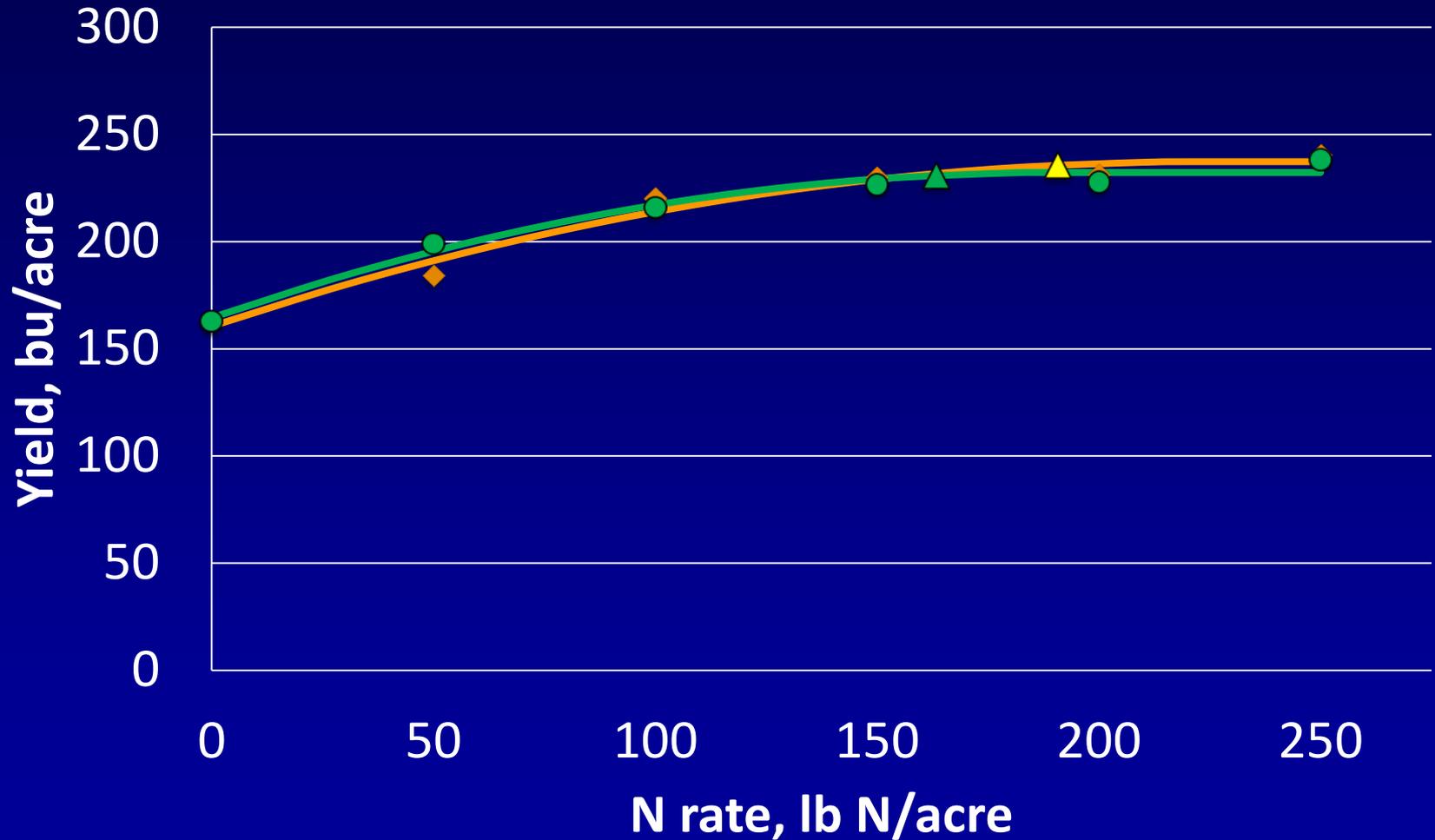
# Strip trials with late N

- 4 corn following soybean and 3 corn following corn trials on research centers
- Base rates of injected UAN: 0, 50, 100, 150, 200, 250
- Late N treatment split within rate, with rate - 50 lb applied at planting and 50 lb applied at VT (tassel) using a hand-boom to stream UAN near the base of the plants



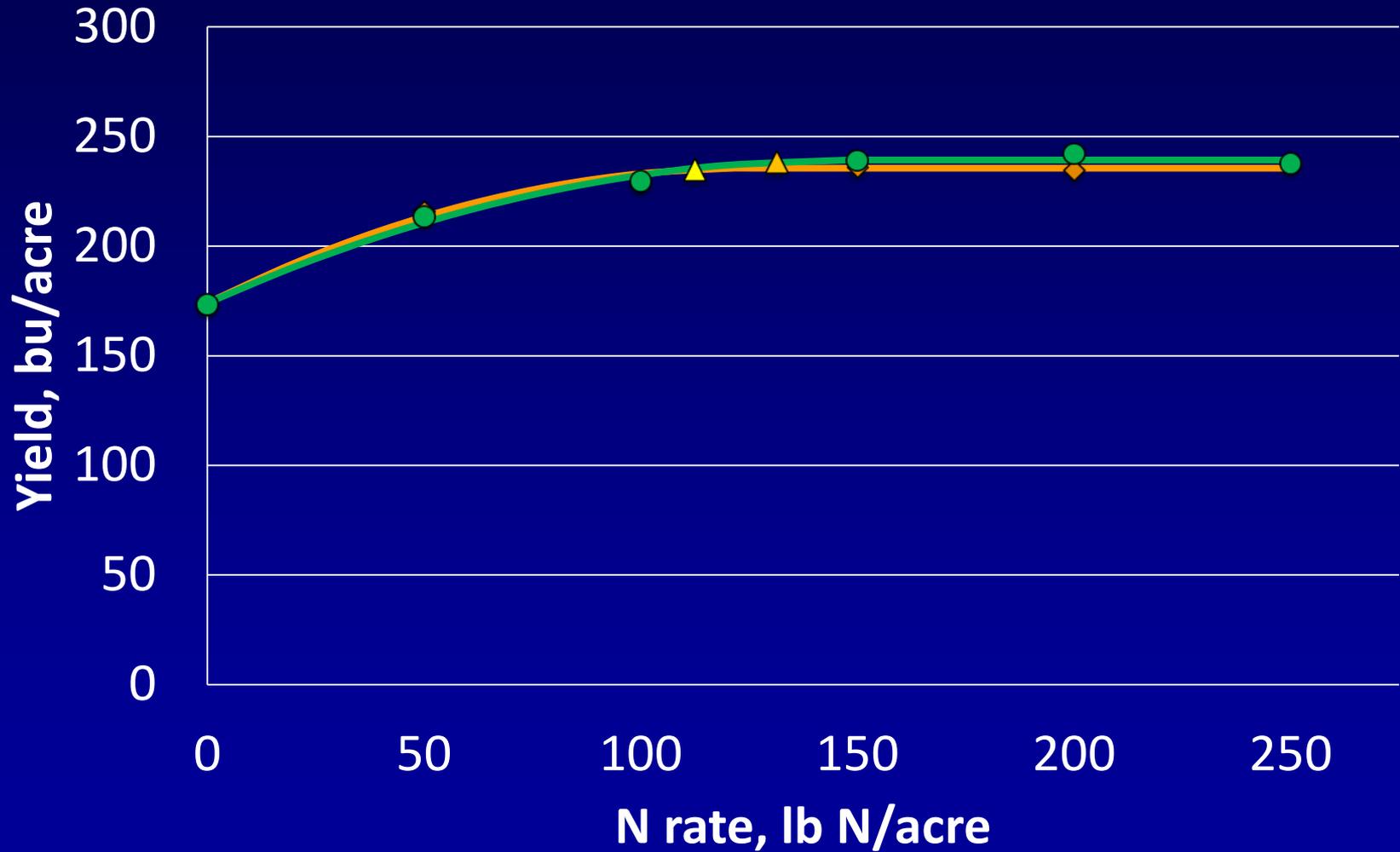
# DeKalb Soy-Corn 2016

◆ Early ● Early+50 late ▲ Optimum E ▲ Opt. E+L



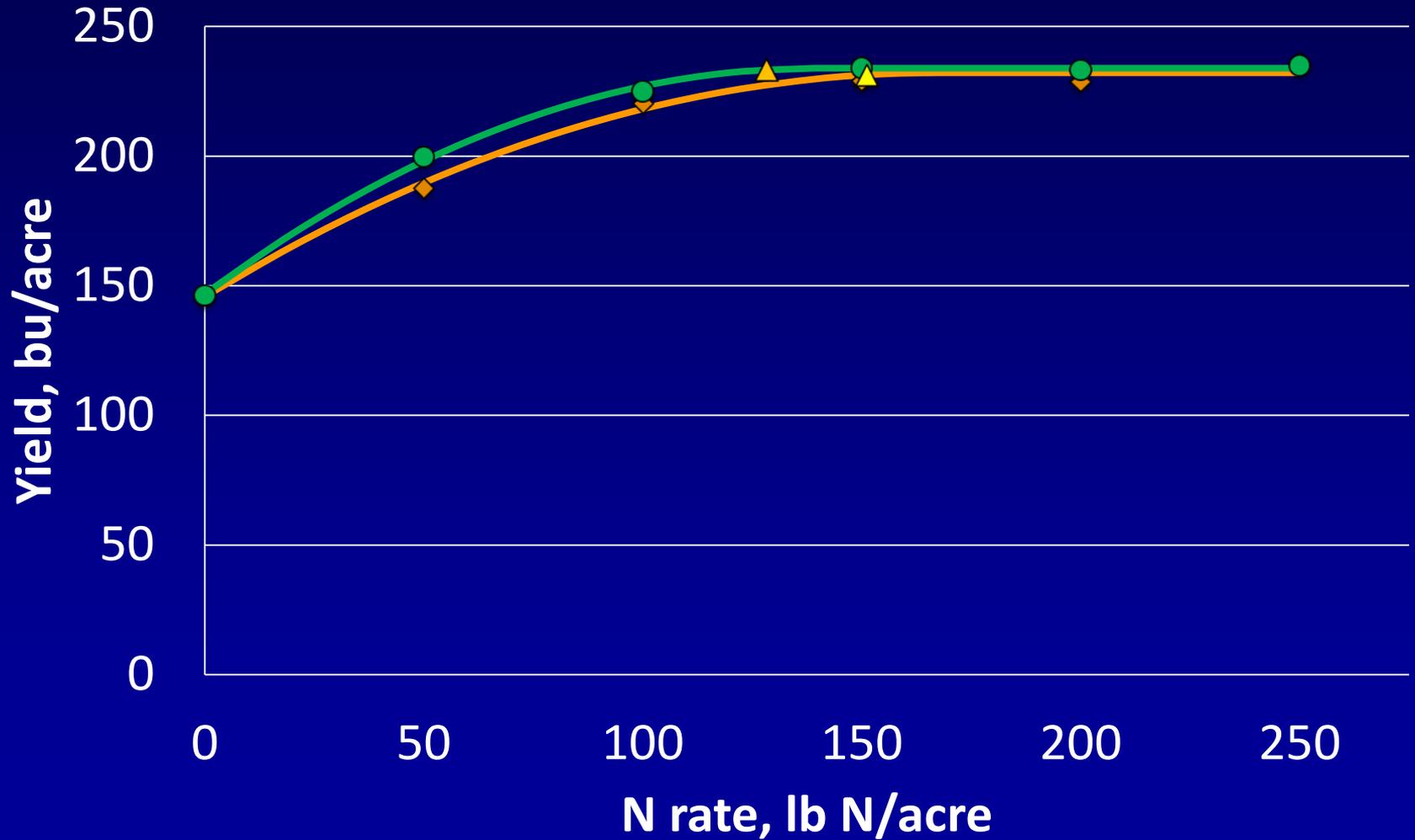
# Monmouth Soy-Corn 2016

◆ Early   ● Early+50 lb late   ▲ Optimum E   ▲ Opt. E+L



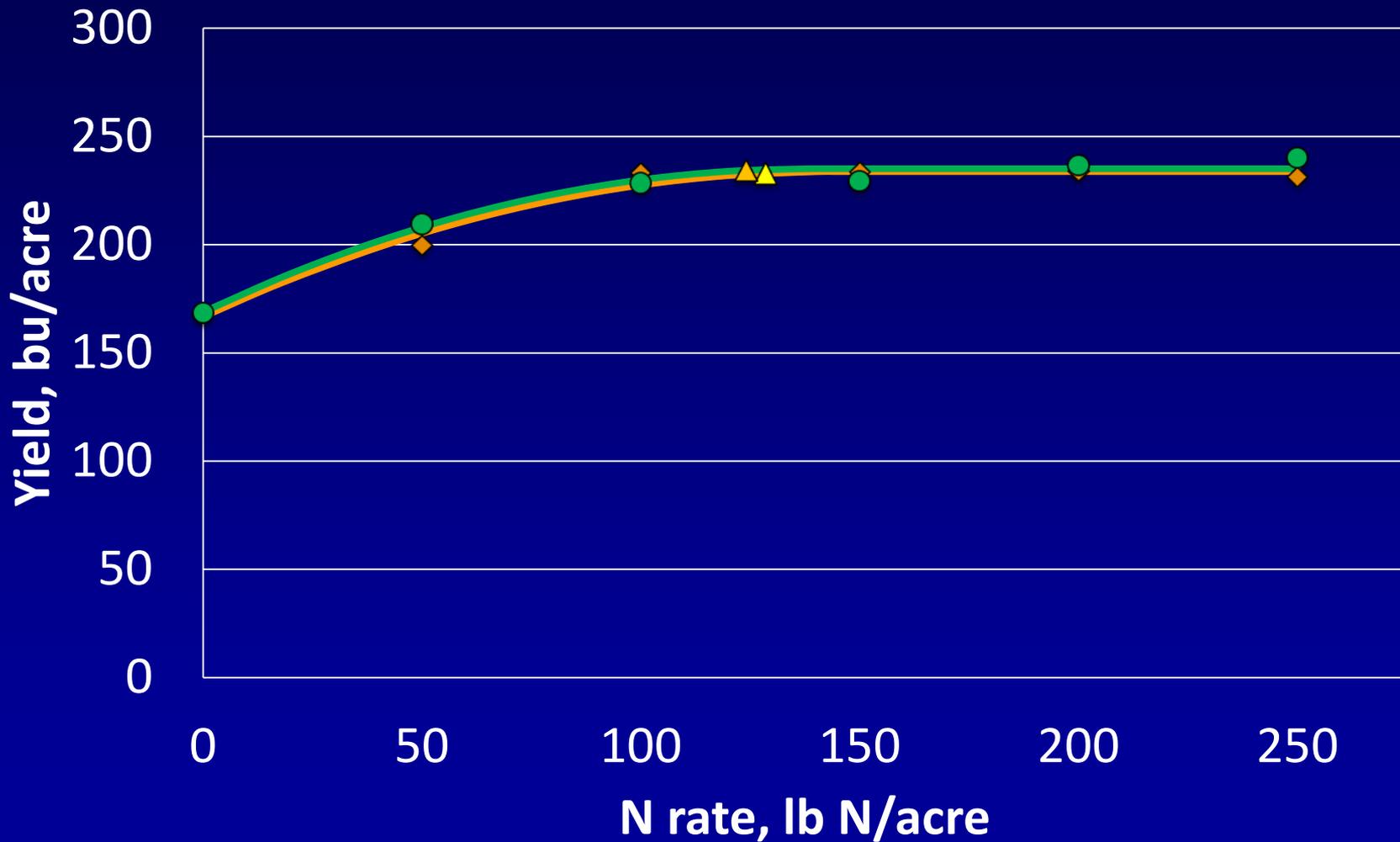
# Monmouth Corn-Corn 2016

◆ Early ● Early+50 lb late ▲ Optimum E ▲ Opt. E+L



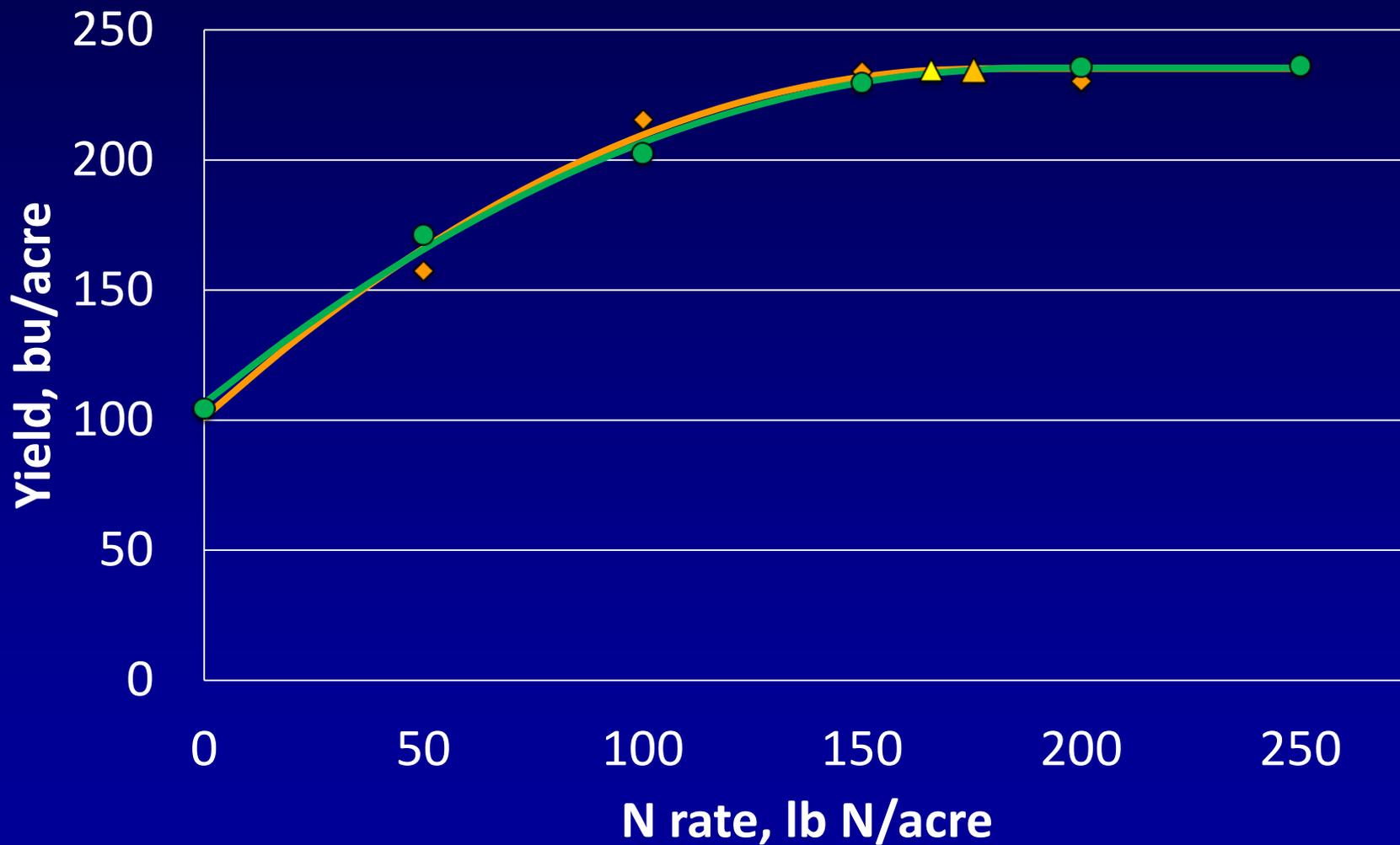
# Urbana Soy-Corn 2016

◆ Early   ● Early+50 lb late   ▲ Optimum E   ▲ Opt. E+L



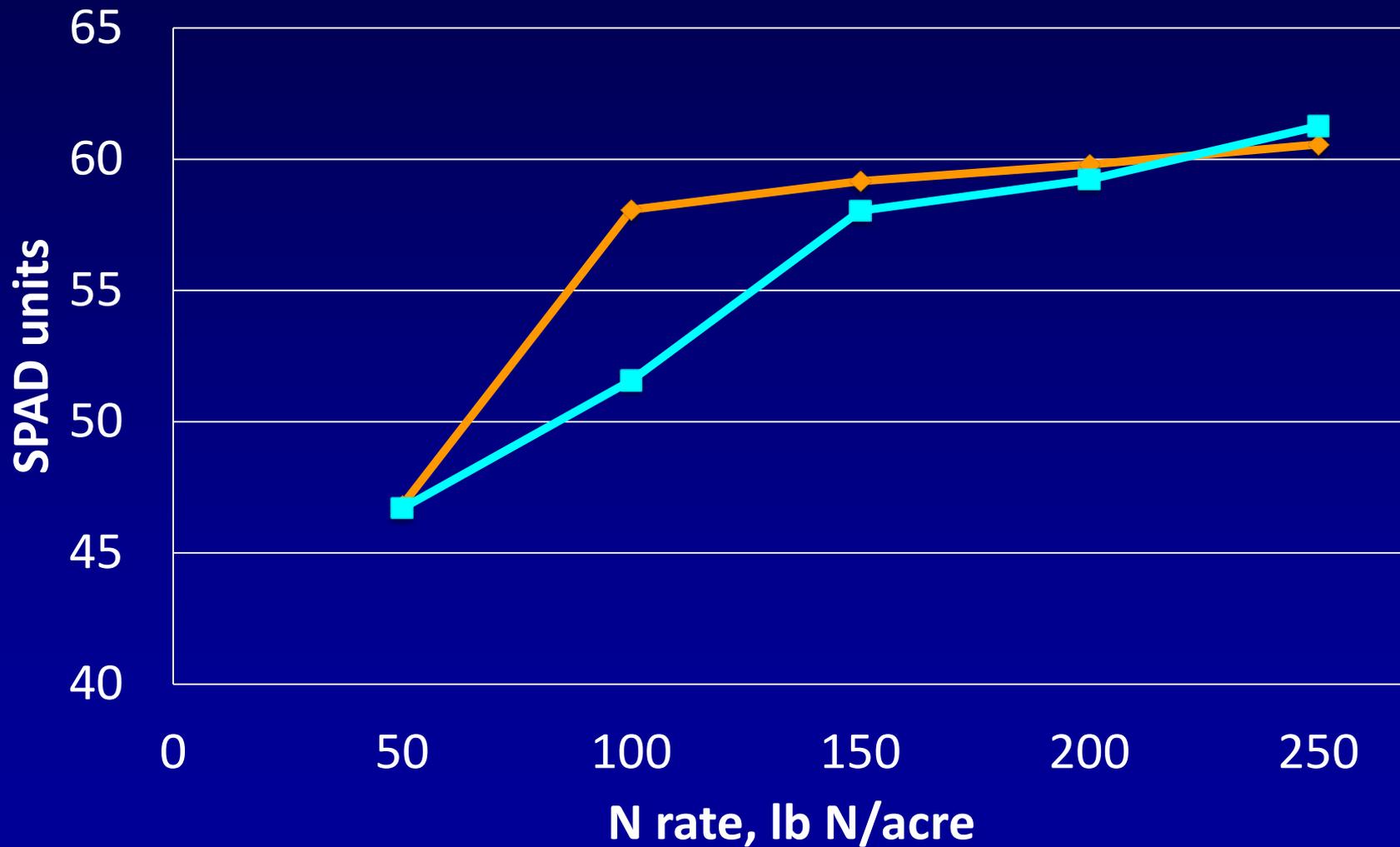
# Urbana Corn-Corn 2016

◆ Early   ● Early+50 late   ▲ Optimum E   ▲ Opt. E+L



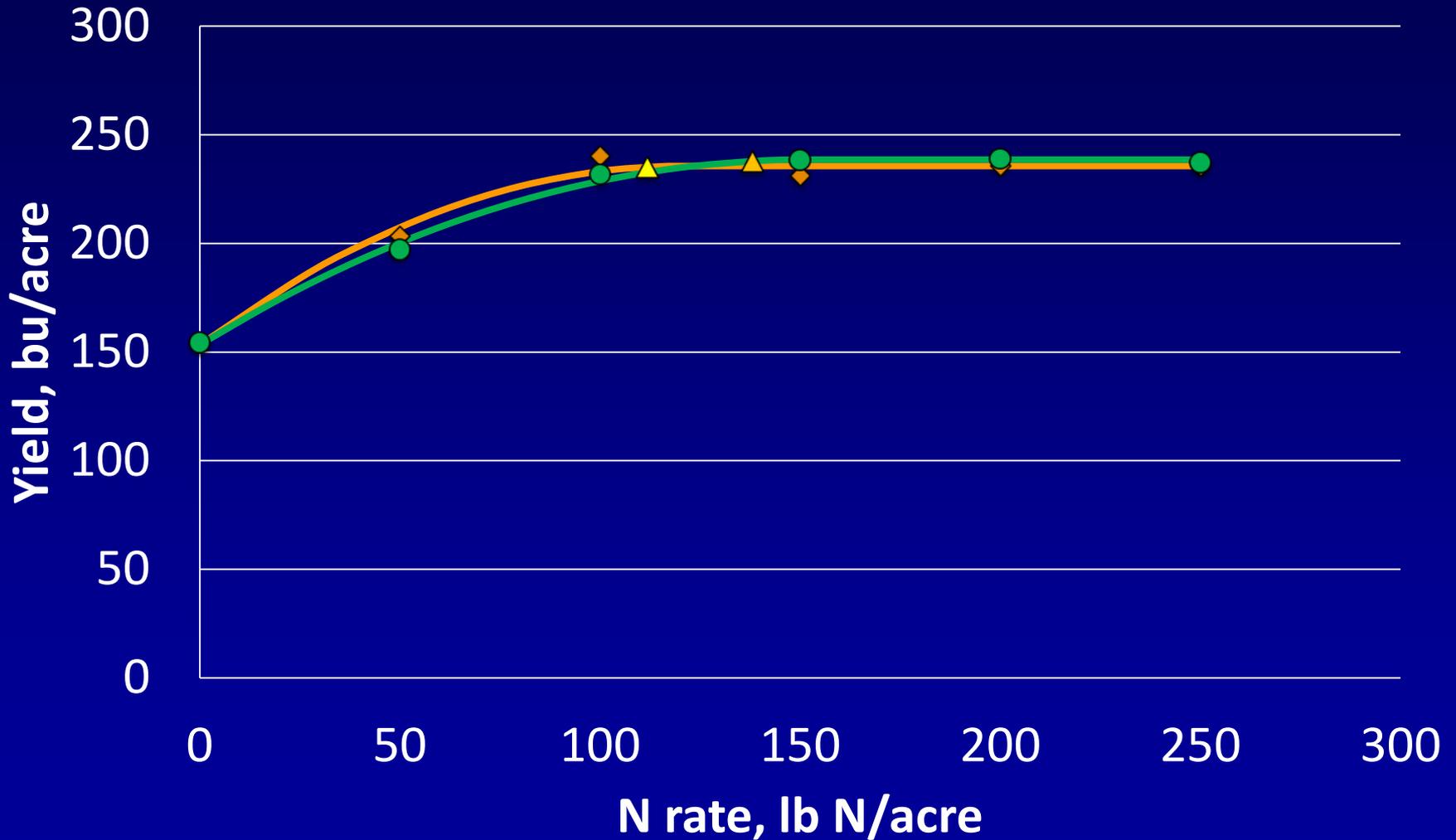
# Urbana SPAD July 26 Corn-Corn

—◆— No split    —■— Split N



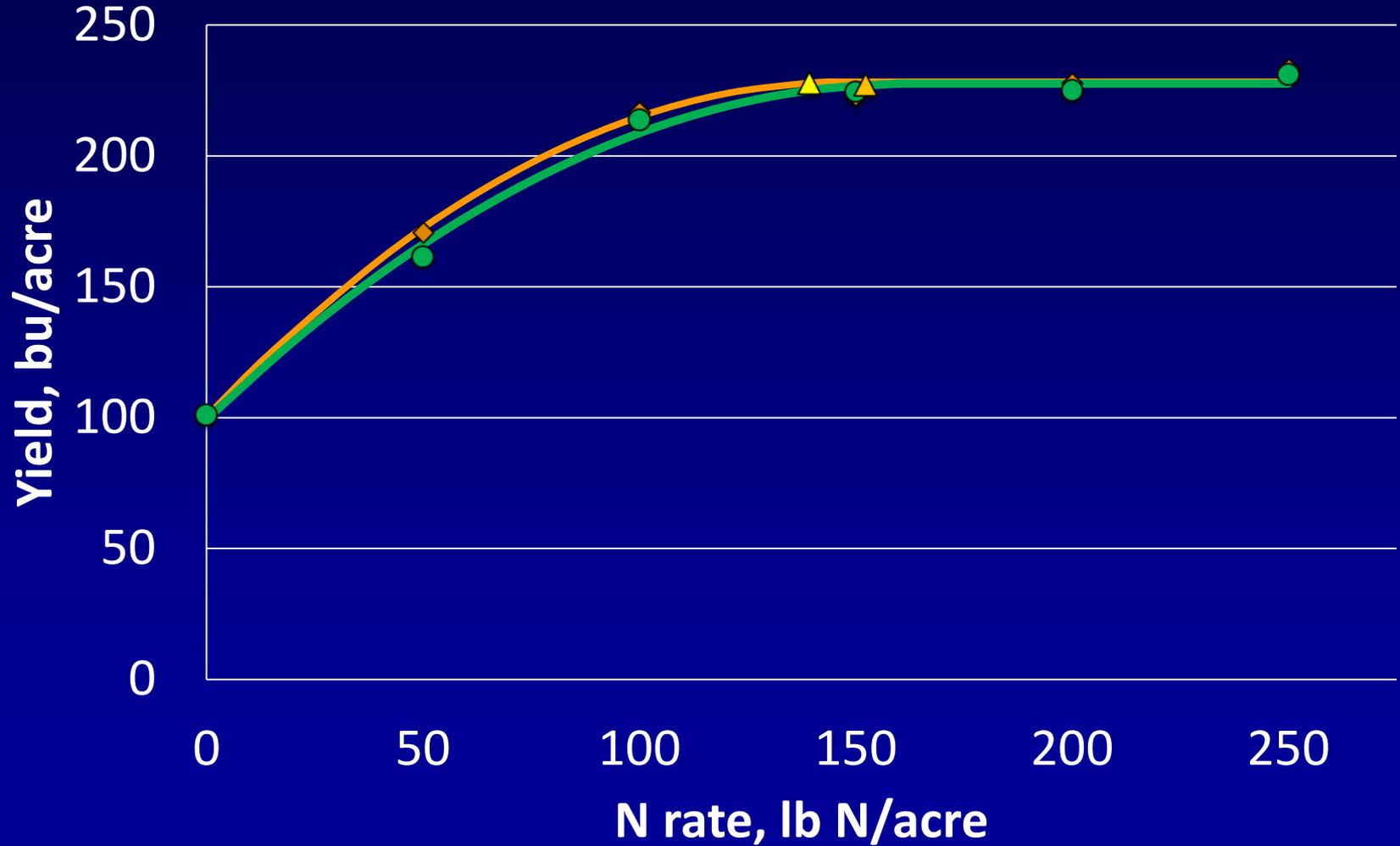
# Perry Soy-Corn 2016

◆ Early   ● Early+50 lb late   ▲ Optimum E   ▲ Opt. E+L



# Perry Corn-Corn 2016

◆ Early   ● Early+50 lb late   ▲ Optimum E   ▲ Opt. E+L

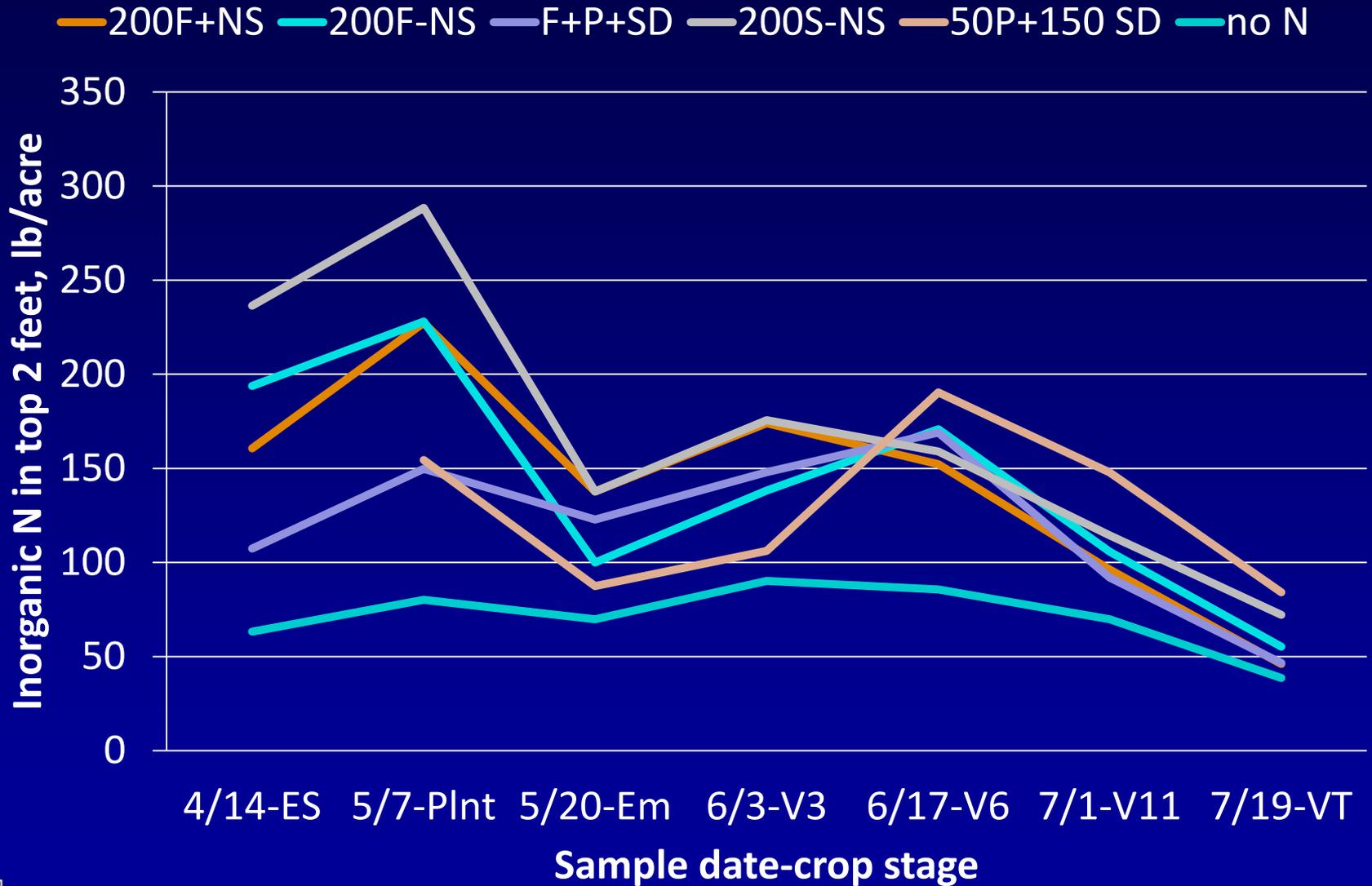


## Delayed/late N?

- With low-N-loss conditions, we found hardly any yield benefit to keeping back 50 lb of N to apply late – and so no way to pay the cost of doing this
- Without the ability to predict weather conditions, does it make more sense to consider late application for “rescue” rather than as a planned application?

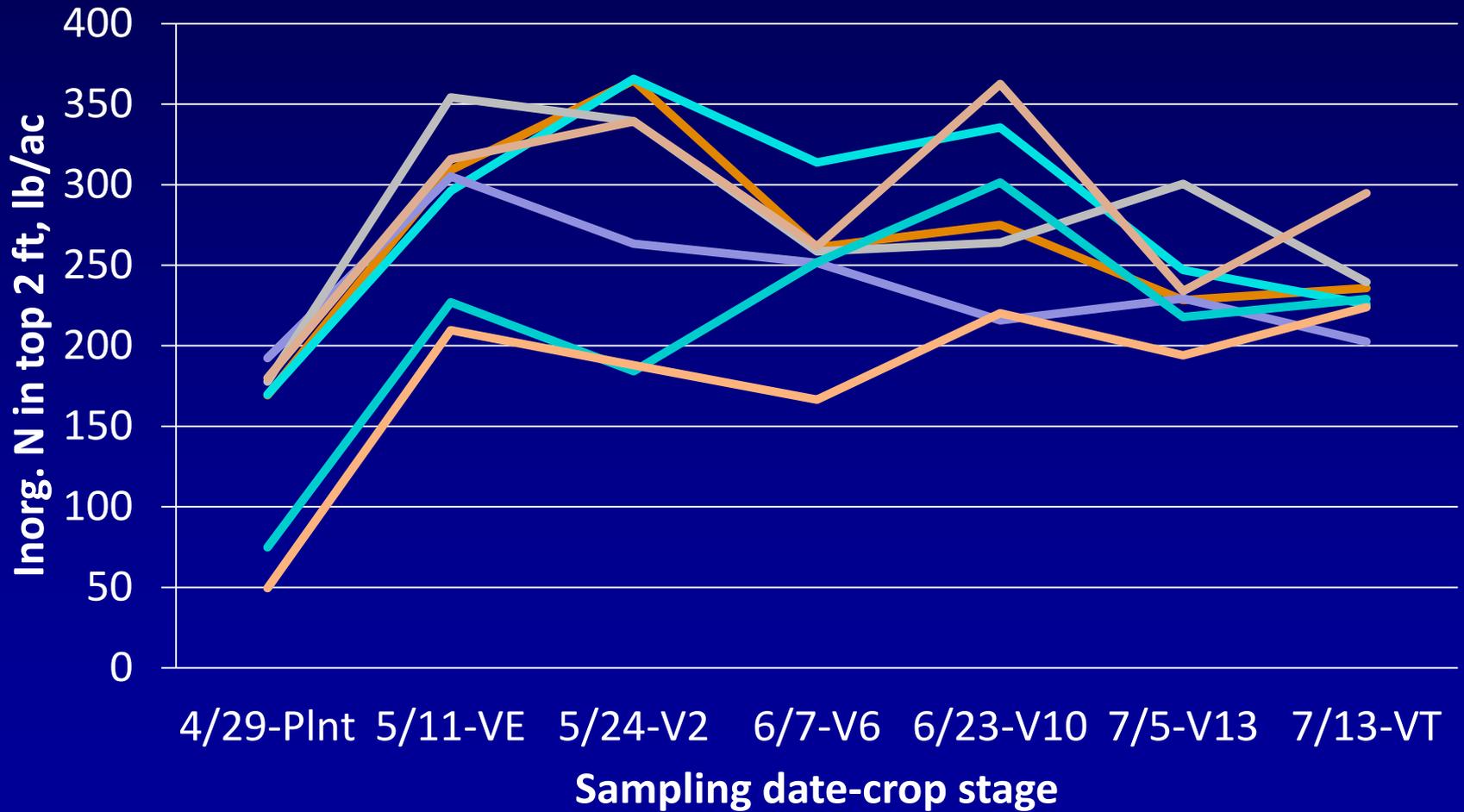


# DeKalb N-tracking 2016



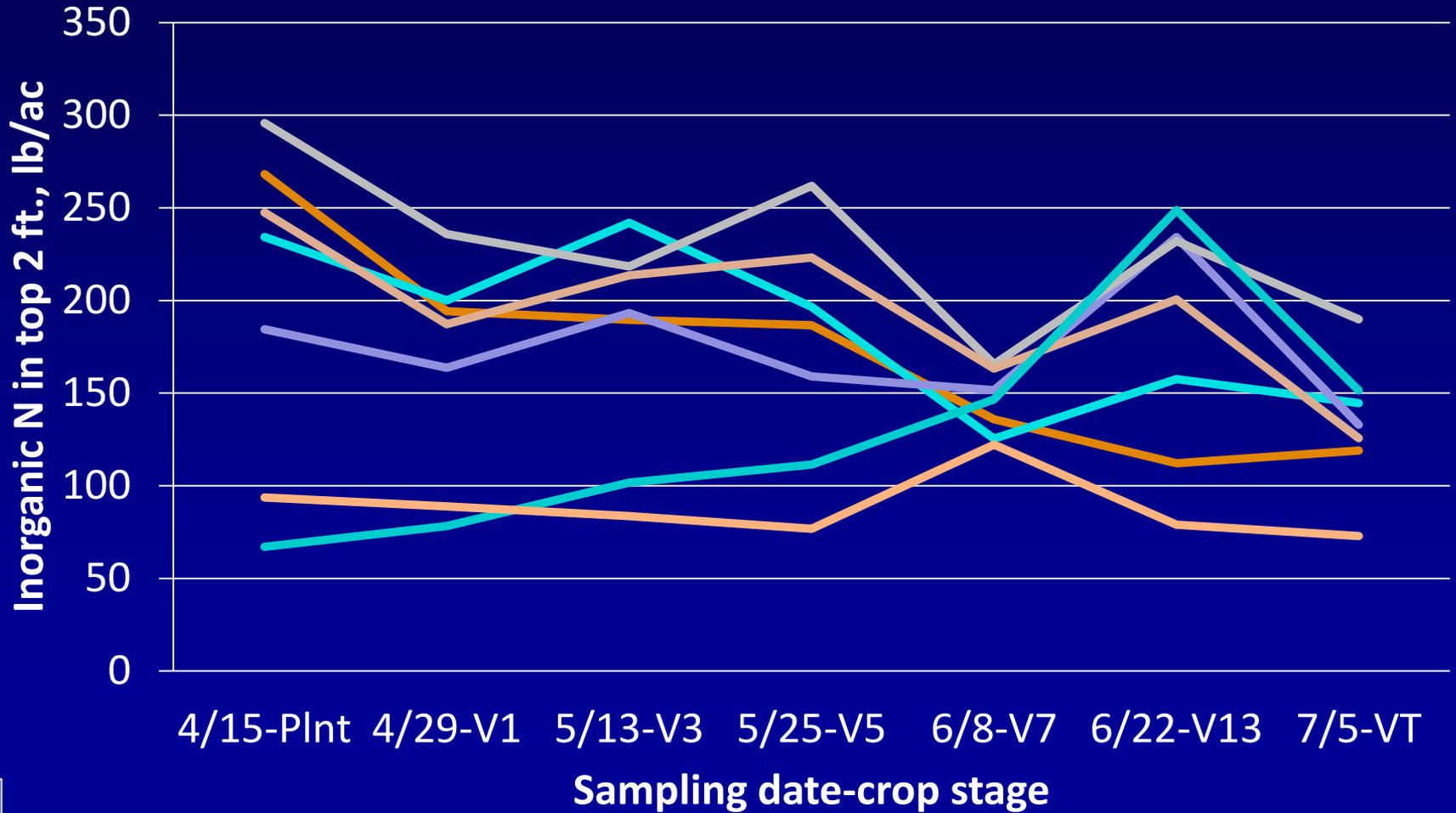
# Monmouth N-tracking 2016

— 200F+NS    — 200F-NS    — F+P+SD    — 200S-NS  
— 200S+NS    — 50P+150 SD    — no N



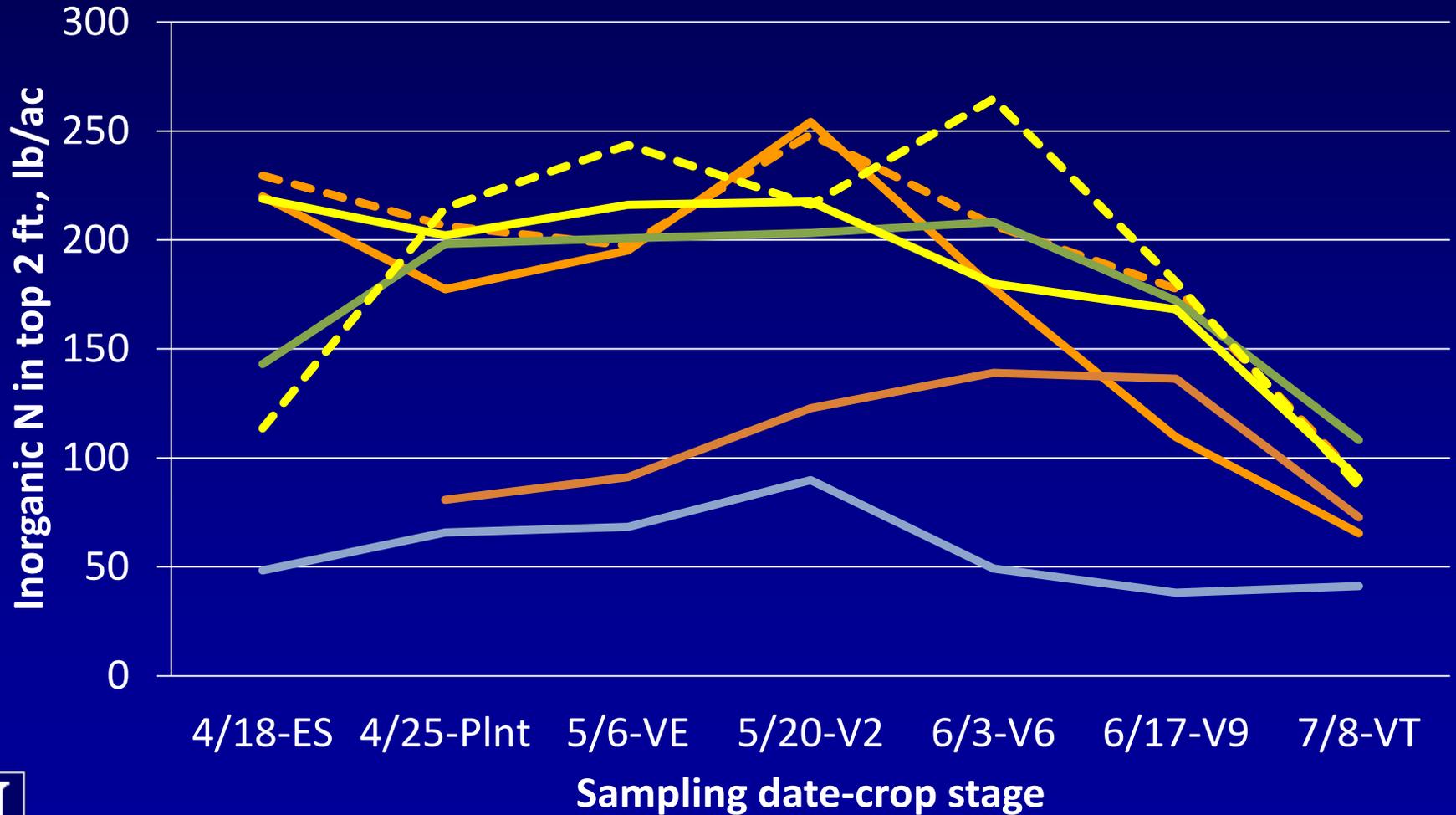
# Perry 2016

200F+NS    200F-NS    F+P+SD    200S-NS  
200S+NS    50P+150 SD    no N



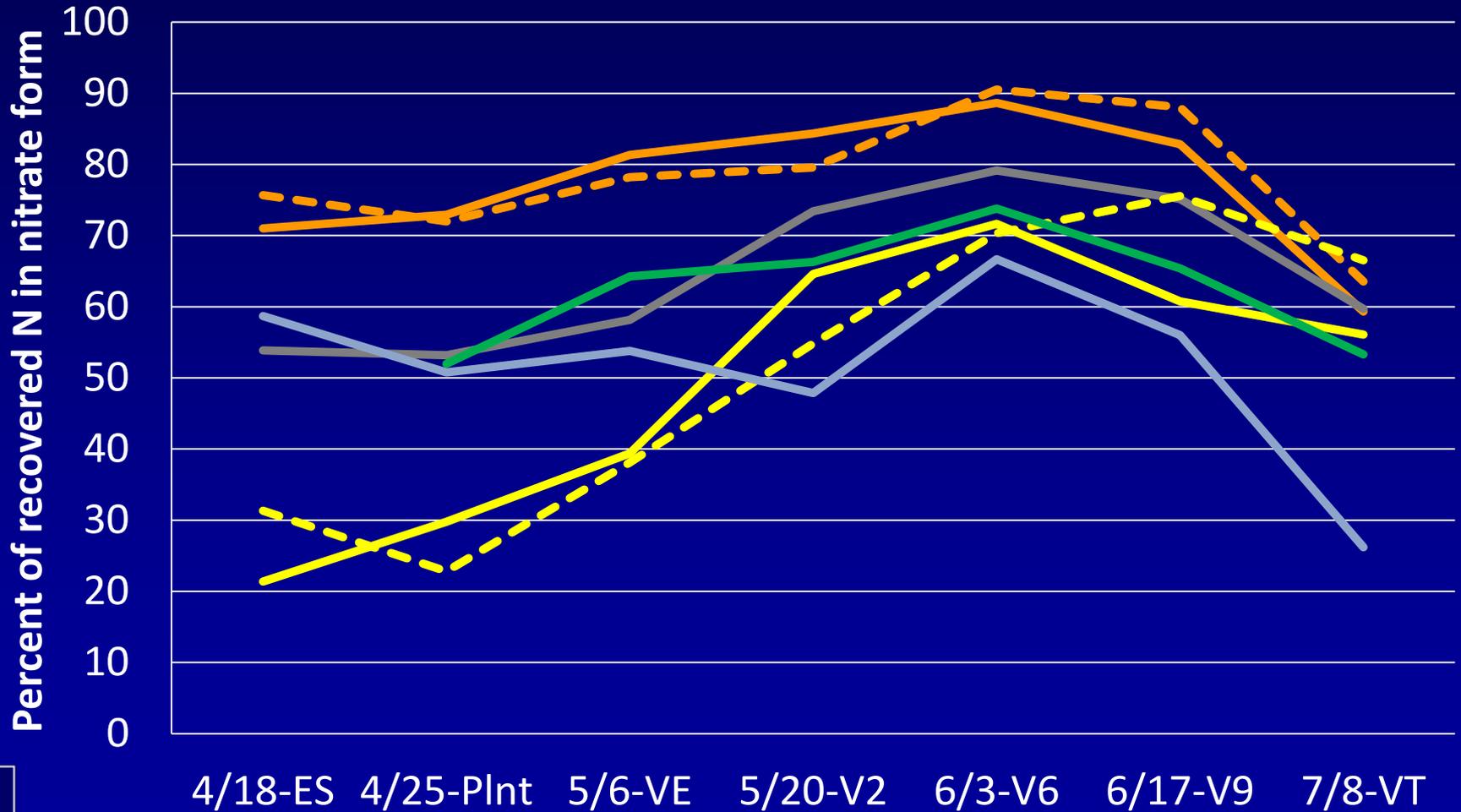
# Urbana N tracking 2016

--- 200F+NS    — 200F-NS    — F+P+SD    — 200S-NS  
--- 200S+NS    — 50P+150 SD    — no N

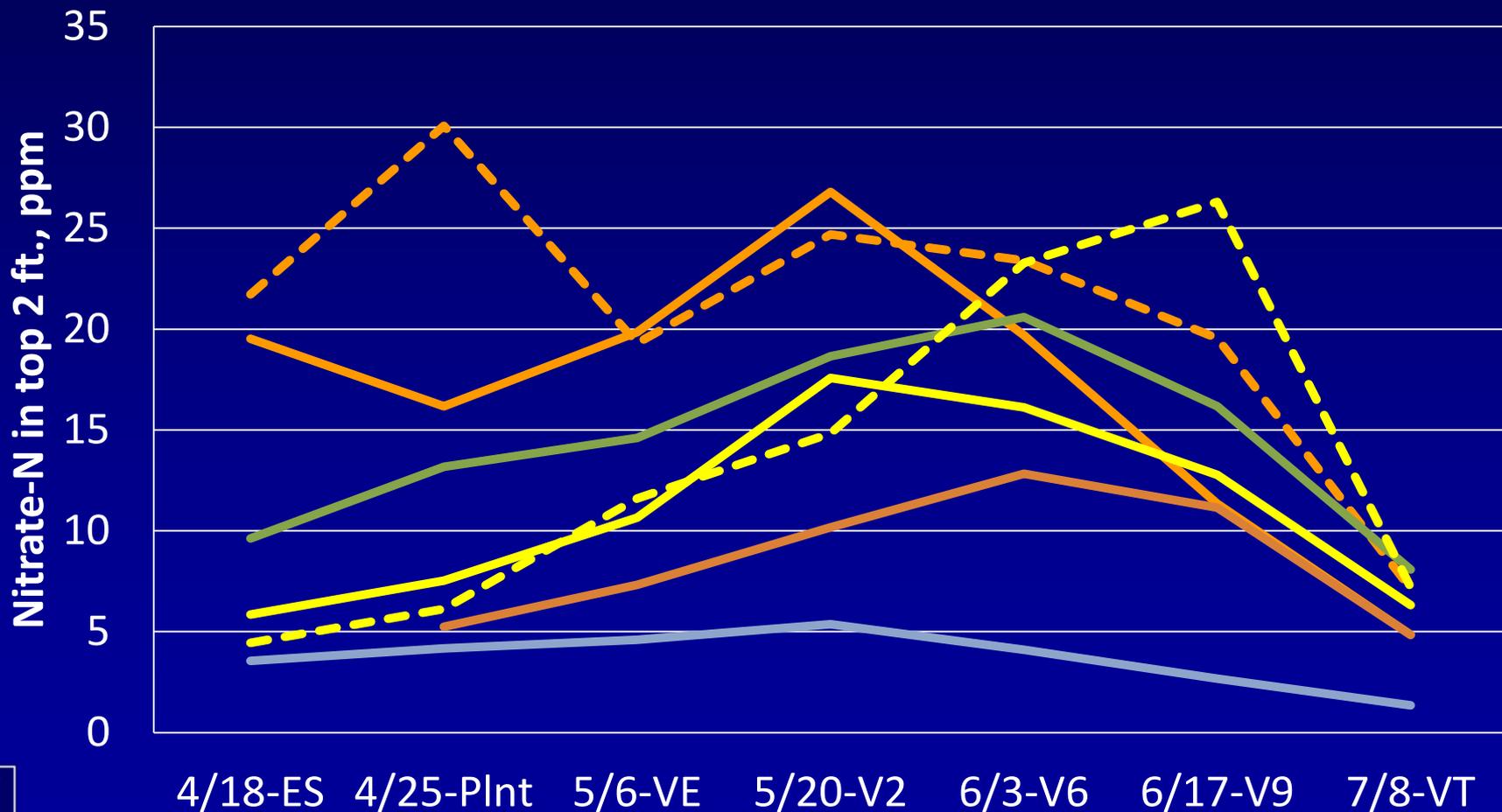


# Urbana soil N tracking 2016

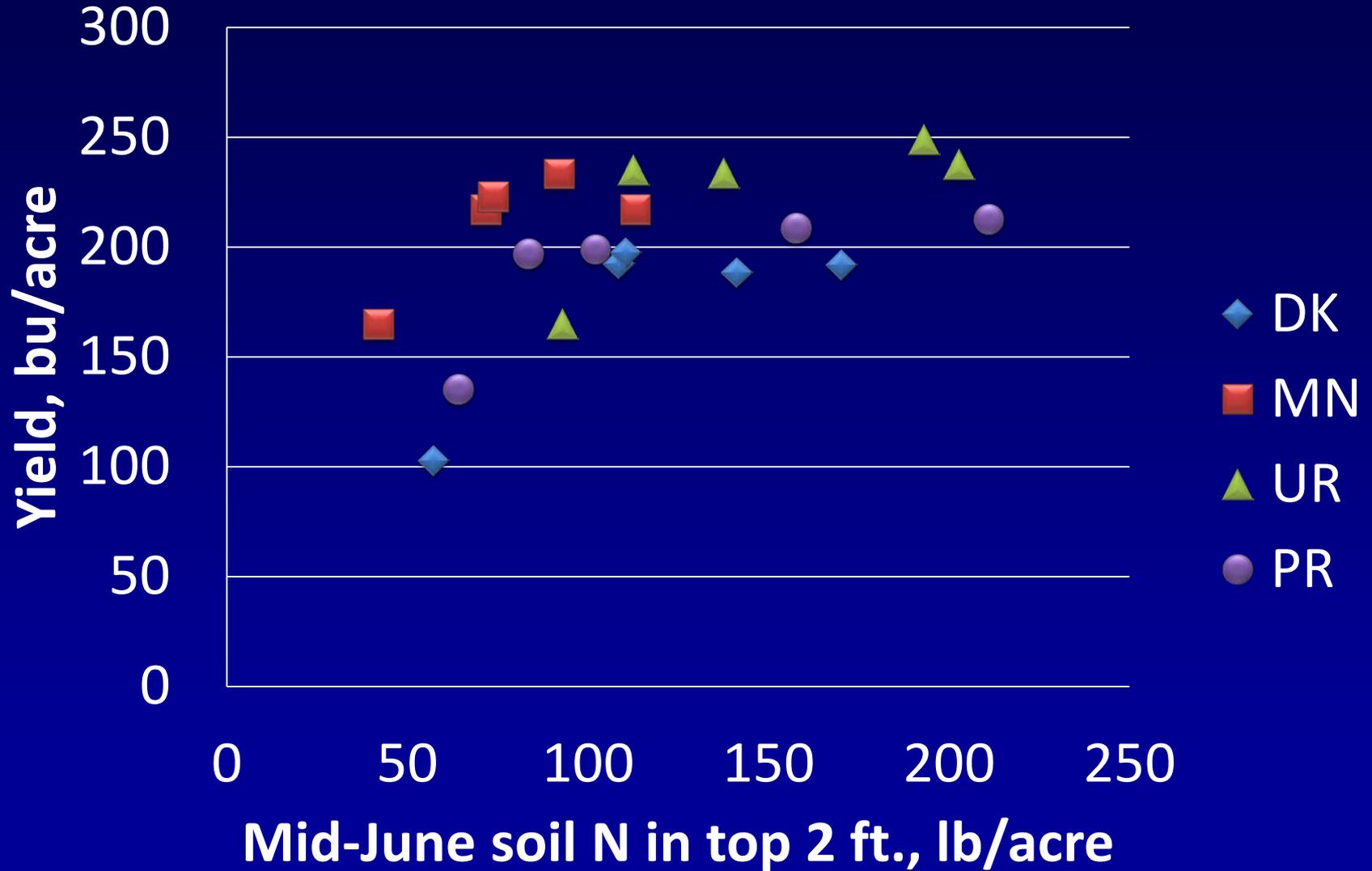
- 200F+NS
- 200F-NS
- F+P+SD
- 200S-NS
- 200S+NS
- 50P+150 SD
- no N



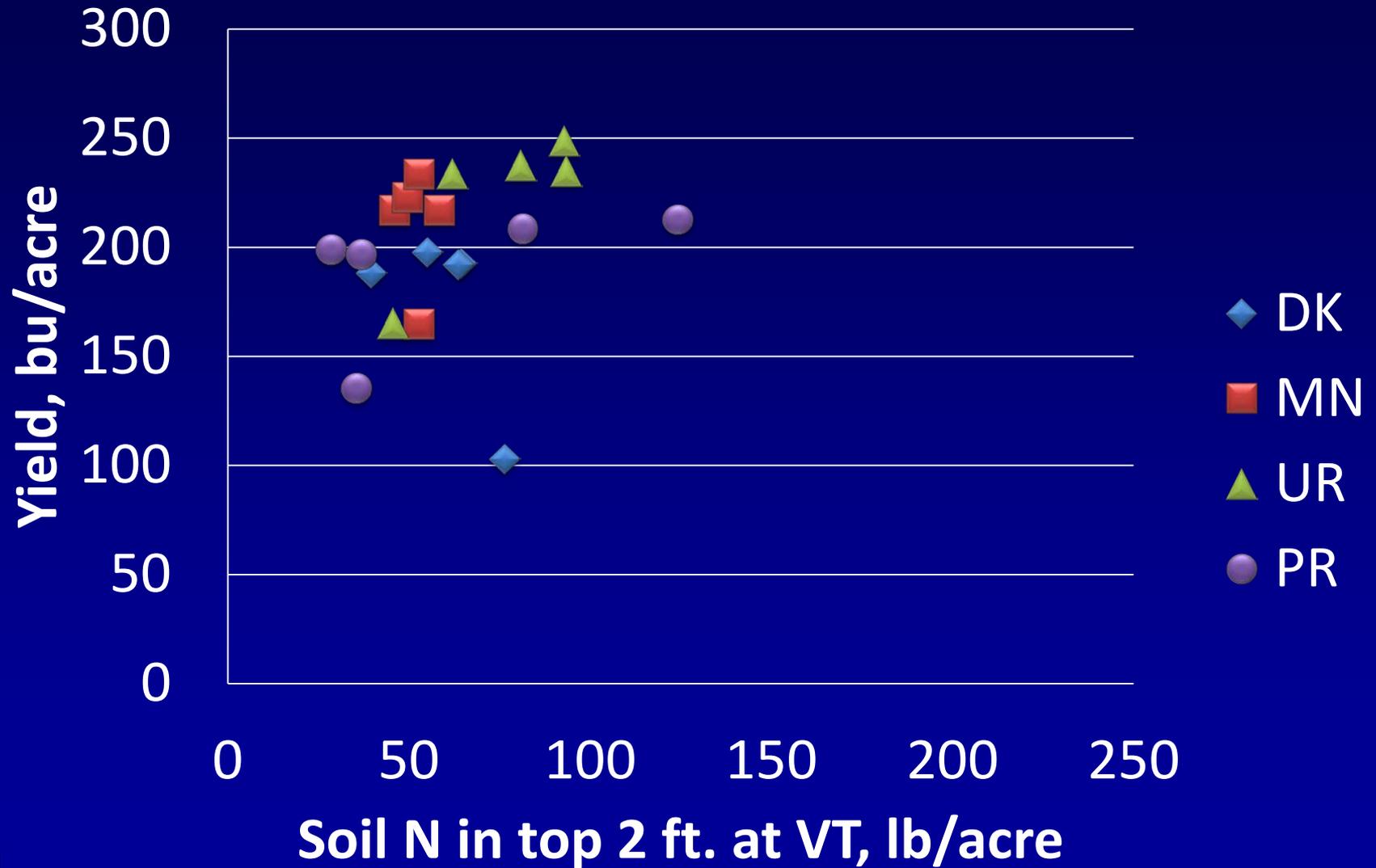
# Urbana 2016



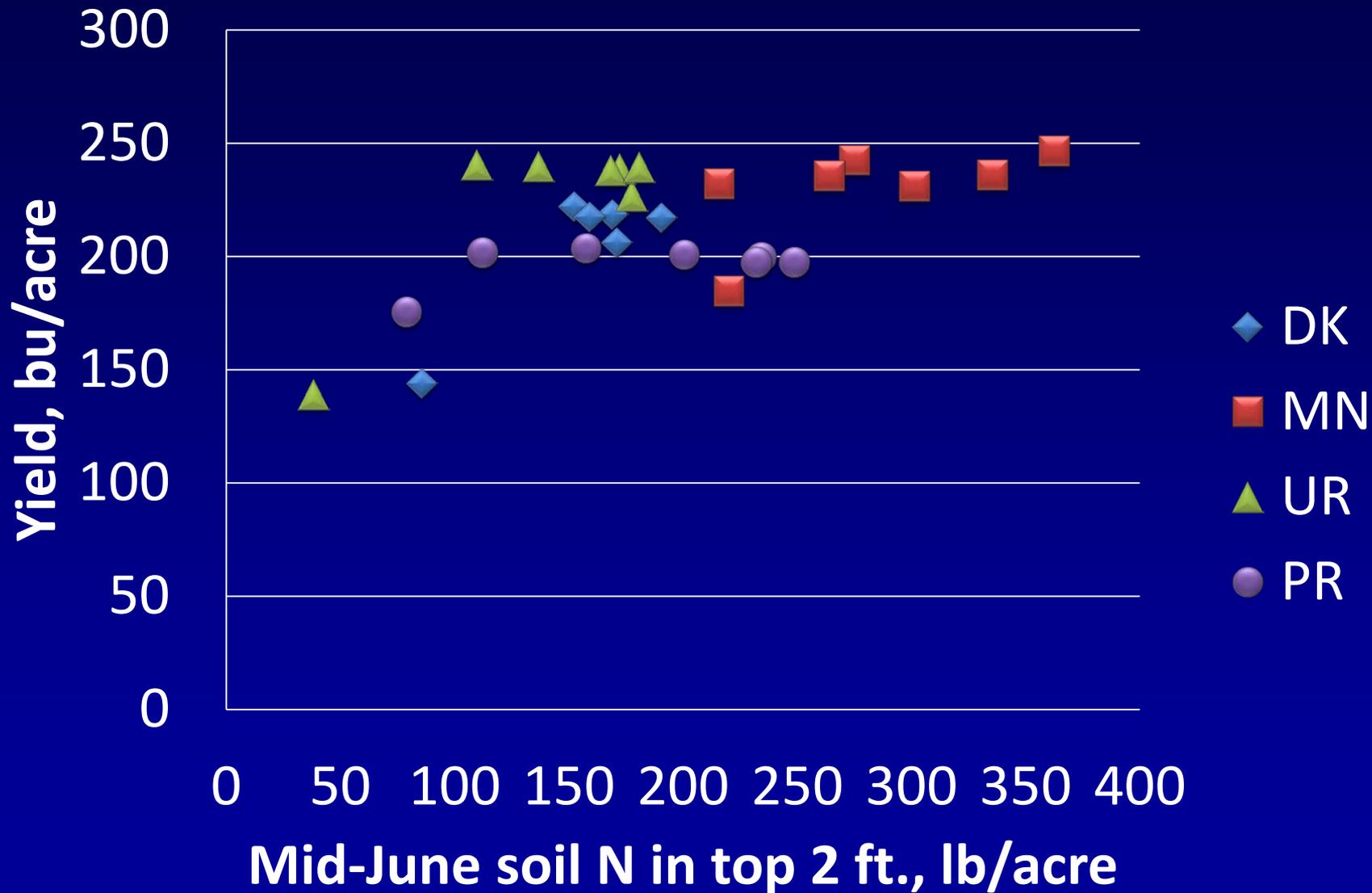
# Mid-June soil N and yield, 2015 (wet)



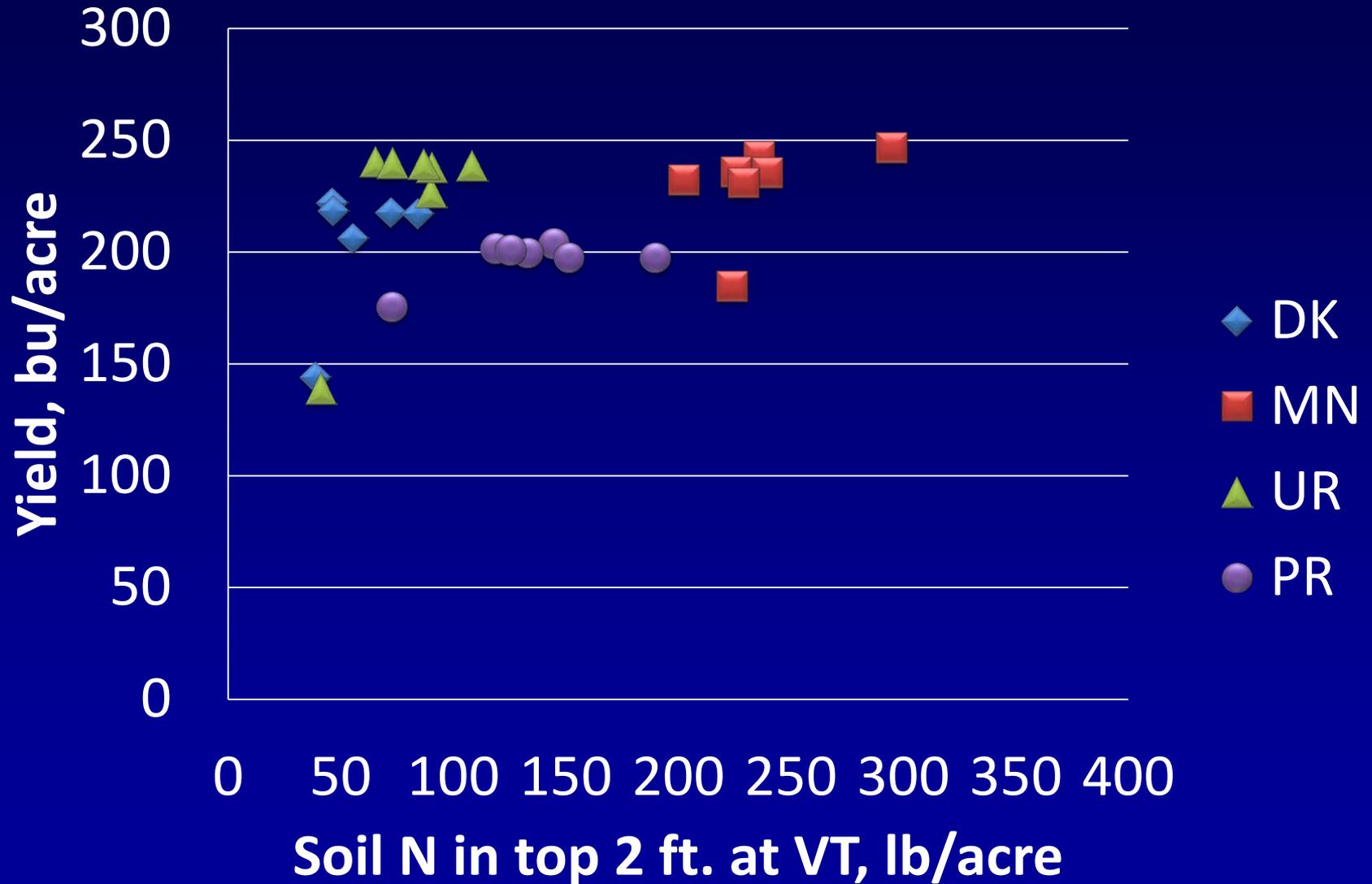
# Soil N at VT and yield, 2015 (wet)



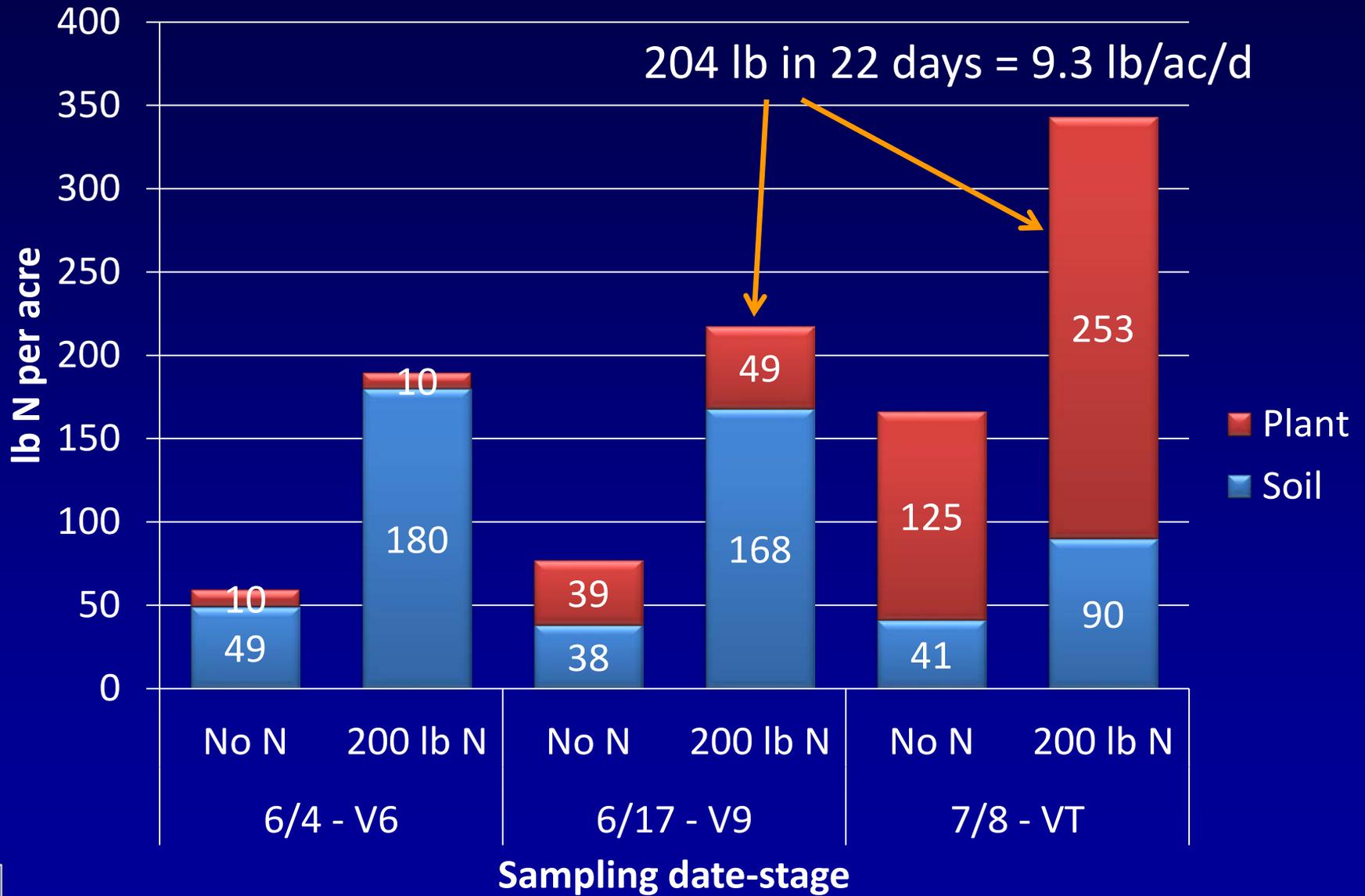
# Mid-June soil N and yield, 2016 (dry)



# Soil N at VT and yield, 2016 (dry)

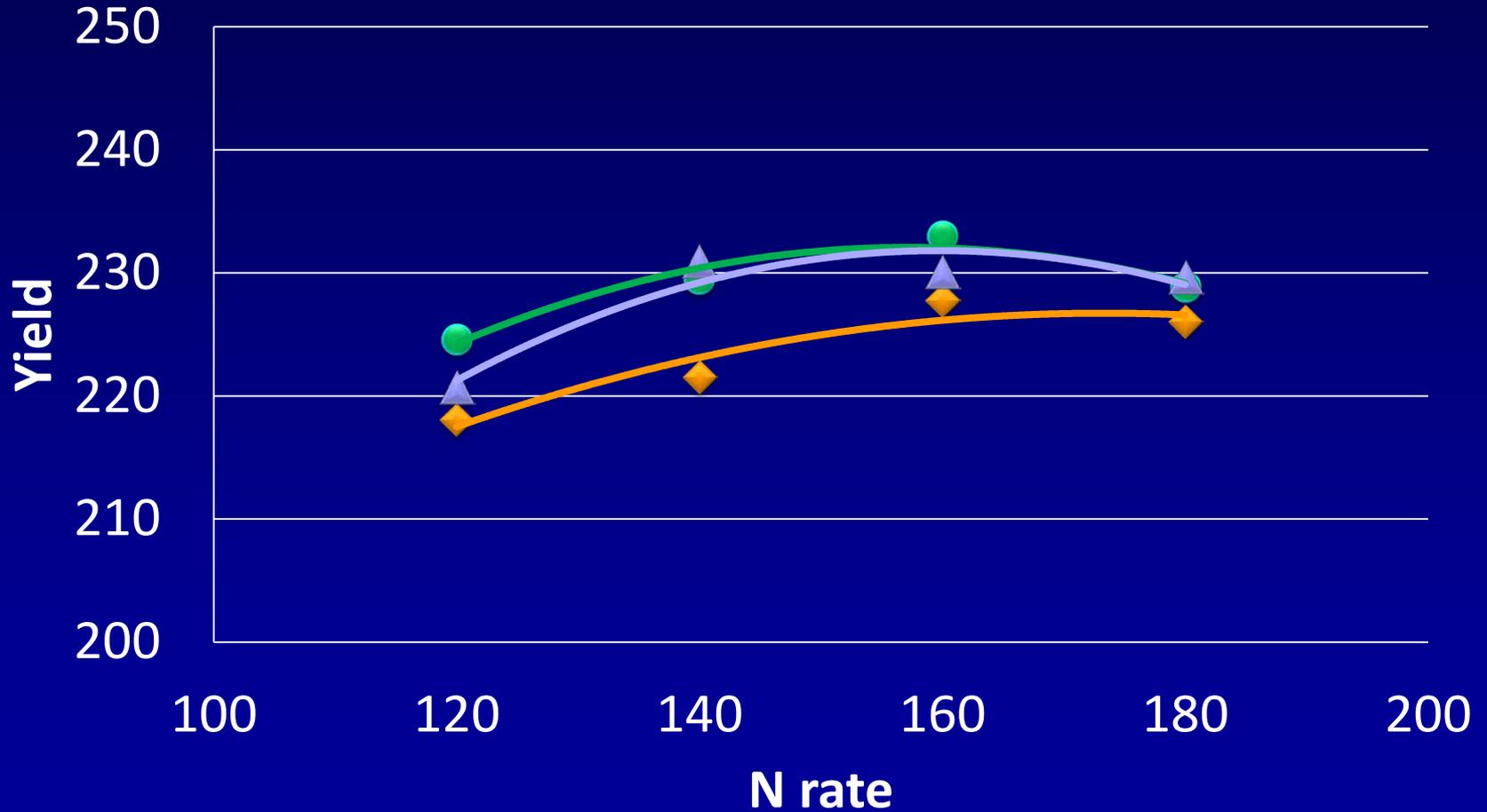


# Urbana 2016



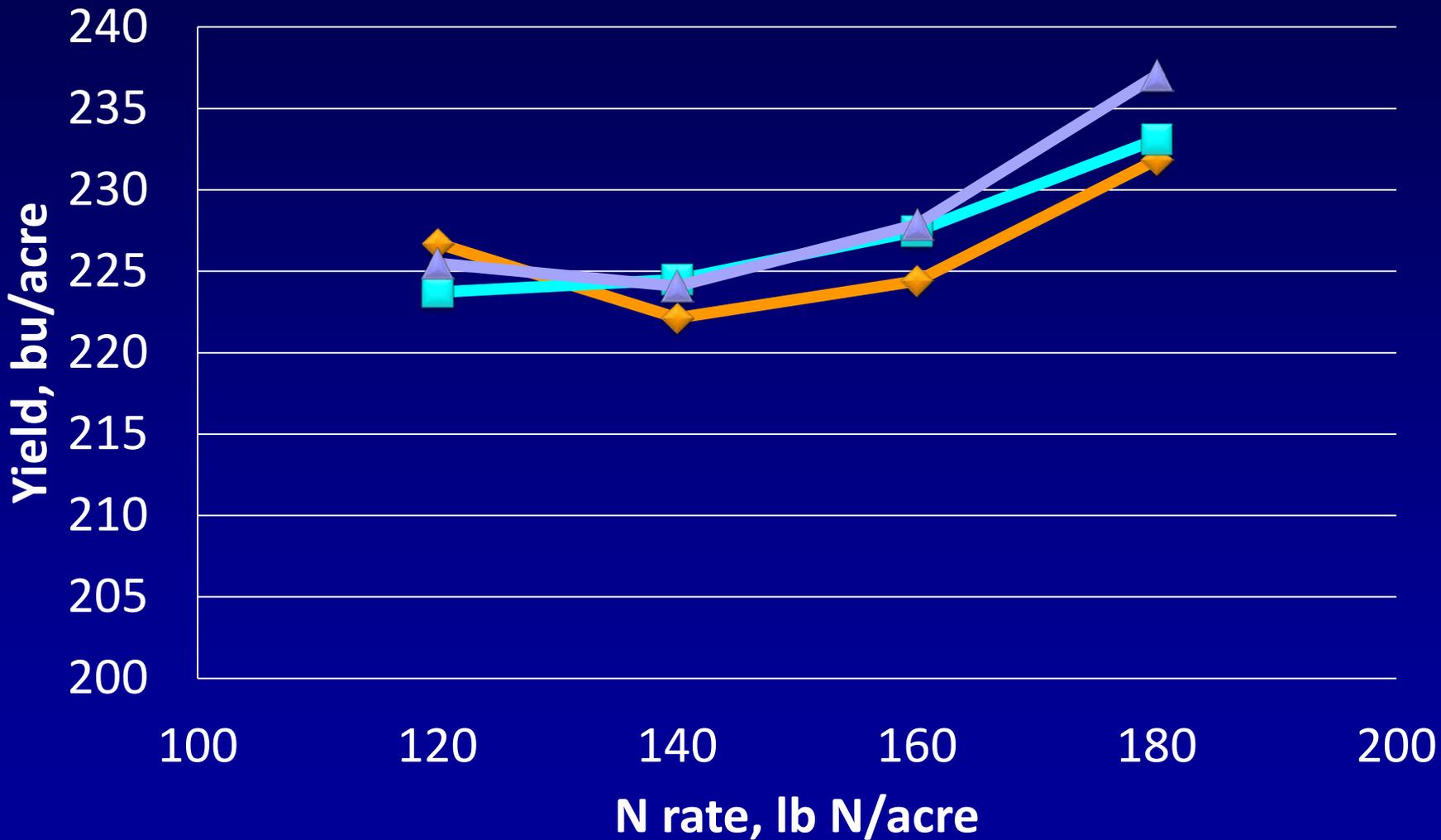
# DAP as N source, Monmouth 2016

◆ Fall DAP   ● Spring DAP   ▲ Spr UAN



# DAP as N Source Urbana 2016

Spring UAN    Fall DAP    Spring DAP



THANK YOU

